THE PORTSMOUTH HERALD

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AMBASSADOR GERARD HELD IN BERLIN

State Department Makes Vigorous Protest Through Spain--May Be Cause For "Overt" Act

(Special to The Herald)

Washington, Feb. 7 —The United States will take immediate steps to ascertain the reason for the detention at Berlin of Ambassador James W. Gerard by the Imperial Government. This will be made by the Spanish ambassador. Officials who outwardly belittle the matter, admit that if the ambassador is being held by the German government, it is a serious matter and one that this government under no circumstances will allow to go unprotested. The state department has given out today that it has certain information in the matter but it was not made public. Press reports are that the ambassador is being detained as a hostage until the Germans can find what treatment has been afforded the German ambassador in Washington.

Washington, Feb. 7.—The whereabouts of Ambassador Gerard was giving the State Department concern today. Newspaper reports that he had been held as a hostage in Berlin until after Count Bernsdorff shall depart for home, received credit in certain quarters, but later in the day a dispatch from Ambassador Willet in Madrid that he had received a dispatch from Gerard which was dated in Berne, Switzerland. Officials took the view that the Ambassador had reached neutral territory inasmuch as it was known that he intended coming home by the way of Switzerland. Later a feeling of doubt became in evidence and finally Secretary Lansing, by direction of the President, sent a special dispatch direct to the U. S. representative at Berne, demanding all of the facts.

Any official action by Germany to retain Ambassador Gerard would be a most serious affront to the United States. An ambassador is the direct representative of the ruler of a nation and any direct affront to one is considered the same as an affront to a ruler. Officials very frankly say that if Gerard is held up in his departure by Germany that the effect must be serious, but they also give out that he had not intended leaving Berlin until after all of the unsettled affairs had been placed in neutral hands and that it was possible that if he still remained that he was there of his own accord, and because of the pressure on the state railroads of Germany it might take some time for him to get out, inasmuch as he was going by the way of Switzerland and not by Holland, the nearest. "It is foolish," said a German embassy official, today, when shown reports, that Gerard is being held until the Imperial government ascertains what treatment has been given the German ambassador here.

Snow flurries tonight and probably Thursday. Warmer tonight; colder Thursday. Fresh strong southwest to west winds.

The Rockingham County Light and Power Company have taken the tenement house across from their storeroom for additional store room while repairs are being made.

TO FIGHT UNTIL VICTORY IS WON

King George, in Opening Parliament, Declares That the Fight Against Germany is to the Finish

(Special to The Herald)

London, Feb. 7—England's determination to fight on until victory is won, was reaffirmed by King George's speech opening parliament today. The king declared that there is no basis for peace at the present time. "The enemy recently made certain overtures with a view of opening peace negotiations," he said. "Their tenor however, gave no possible basis for peace." King George said that "the people of the British empire insist upon reparation for the past and security in the future and for that reason they are going to fight on harder than ever." He declared that the Allies had met the request of President Wilson for peace terms by outlining the general aim for which the Entente powers are fighting. "In answering the invitation of the American President we have outlined in a general way our war aims. Threats of further outrages against international law will only steel us in our determination to win. My people and the people of our brave allies are all resolved upon securing reparation for the past, restitution for the wrongs inflicted and guarantee for the security for our future. These we regard as absolutely essential to progress and civilization."

The address was made in the House of Lords. Special arrangements had been made to accomodate wounded soldiers who attended the opening. The peers wore neither their coronets or robes. The king appeared in khaki uniform and his escort consisted of officers of the overseas troops.

(Special to The Herald)

London, Feb. 7—The English parliament which opened this morning with about the largest attendance since the war began, is expected to be the most important session since the opening of the great war. Since the adjournment of parliament a great many international events have taken place and radical war measures have been adopted. It is taken for granted that the present state of the war is the most critical. Additional appropriations for carrying on the war will be asked and some figures of the number of men and resources of the country are expected to be made public. There is no uneasiness that any objections will be made to the present government and parliament is expected to back up the king and Lloyd George to the very limit.

NO OTHER NEUTRALS WILL FOLLOW

State Department Has Reports That U. S. Is Only One to Break With Germany.

(Special to The Herald)

Washington, Feb. 7 —No European neutral nation will follow the lead of the United States by breaking diplomatic relations with Germany. This was made certain today from information reaching the state department from agents abroad. Officials admit the information has reached here. So far as the South and Central American nations are concerned they have adopted a waiting attitude.

FLED FIRE IN NIGHT CLOTHES

Manchester Has Serious Fire and Many Lives in Danger.

(Special to The Herald)

Manchester, N. H., Feb. 7—Thirty persons fled through the smoke-filled hallways scantily attired, to the street early today when fire broke out in the basement of the three-story frame structure at No. 41 Lowell street. They were given temporary shelter in nearby homes. The damage estimated by Chief Lane was $15,000. The ground floor is occupied by the National Drug Co. Flames ate through the floor of the store and ignited drugs caused chemicals to send forth fumes which interferred with the work of the department.

SPECIAL FOR THIS WEEK AT

D. H. McINTOSH'S

Kitchen Cabinets

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HASTINGS—THE DOLLAR CABINET (Trade Mark Applied For)

Get It For a Dollar. For a Dollar Replace Toil With Ease. For a Dollar Get Many Dollars' Worth of Comfort. Do It To-day at

We are putting on sale this week, our club plan and special offer on Kitchen Cabinets.

A $10 chest of Roger's Silver Ware given away with every Five cabinets. Come in and let us explain our easy payment plan, and your chance to get the $10 chest of silverware FREE.

D. H. McIntosh, Cor. Fleet & Congress Sts.

SIXTY DAYS THE SAME AS CASH.

Geo. B. French Co.

Evening Gowns

Dainty, Attractive, New Evening Dresses. Up-to-Date Models of Fine Quality. Revealing Smartness in Every Line.

Dresses of taffeta, silver and gold lace trimmed, colors, yellow, blue, pink, silver.....$16.50, $22.50, $25.00

Dresses with net overdress and silver and gold trimmings, blue, nile..... $15.00, $16.50, $22.50

Fancy New Waists

Georgette Crepe Waists, dainty evening shades....$5, $6.50, $7.98, $8.98

Crepe de Chine Waists..$5, $6.50, $7.98

Gold Georgette Crepe Waists.....$7.98

Waists of Voile, val and cream lace trimmed, deep collars and ruffle styles.....$1.98, $2.98, $3.50

GERMANY PREPARED FOR BREAK

Knew That U. S. Would Sever Diplomatic Relations—German Press Explains.

(Special to The Herald)

London, Feb. 7—"The German government was prepared for a rupture with the United States long before it was given out to the people" says a Berne dispatch to the London Post. "Now that President Wilson has taken the decisive step, the German public is being told that the objections of America to the German methods of waging war is of little moment. America, the German people are reminded, is separated from the seat of war by a great ocean and they are told also that America needs a long period of preparation before she could take any active part in the hostilities." It is declared in the German press that the United States is now prevented by German submarines from lending such aid to the Entente powers in regards to munitions of war.

FOUR SHIPS SUNK TODAY

All British and Two Lives Reported Lost—Submarines Active on All Sides.

London, Feb. 7—Reports of the destruction of four more steamships, all British, were received up to noon. They were the Saxon-Briton, 1337 tons; the Azul, 3074 tons; the Vestra, and the Crown-Point. Two men on the Saxon-Briton were killed. The captain and fourteen members of crew were landed; 12 sailors from Azul were also landed. German submarines are active on all sides of the British Isles. A dispatch to Lloyds said that the Peruvian bark Lorton was sunk on Sunday.

More Coal Arrives

Two barges and the collier Sterling have arrived at the yard with 4300 tons of coal for the department of supplies.

SENATE SUPPORTS PRESIDENT

Stone Objects to the "Interference of Foreigners"—Lodge Wants Non-Partisan Support.

(Special to The Herald)

Washington, Feb. 7—Senator Stone, chairman of the foreign relations committee called up his resolution endorsing the break with Germany shortly after the senate convened today. After reading newspaper dispatches from London purporting to show how the British are encouraging the United States to enter the war, he said: "I cannot tell what eventuality will result. We are facing a situation in which our diplomatic relations are sorely strained with some of the belligerents. I desire to express the hope that we will not lose our heads or be swept off our feet by any foreign influence. We should take our own course and allow foreigns and semi-foreigns to attend to their own affairs."

Senator Lodge, ranking Republican member made a vigorous plea for the casting aside of all party lines and the united non-partisan support of all to the President.

GERMAN CREWS CAN DAMAGE SHIPS

Secretary Baker Makes It Plain They Can Go as Far as They Like.

Washington, Feb. 7.—German crews on vessels interned in American ports have a right to damage their vessels as far as they see fit, so long as in so doing they do not interfere with other ships and property interest or obstruct navigable waters. This was made plain today by Secretary Baker in a statement denying that the United States has seized or will seize any interned German vessels. Such precautions that have been taken were in the interest of saving property and of preventing obstruction. So far as the vessels are concerned they are still guests.

SUFFRAGE BILL KILLED IN SENATE AT CONCORD

The bill for equal suffrage for women of New Hampshire was killed in the senate at Concord today by a vote of 14 to 7. Senator Page of this city voted for the minority report and Senator Leighton of Dover for the majority report.

A MAN OF WIDE EXPERIENCE.

Mr. J. Q. Adams, who was for a number of years with the Henry Siegel Co. of Boston, has accepted a position with John G. Sweetser. Mr. Adams has had a wide experience in this line and his knowledge of the business should prove of valuable assistance to the shoppers of Portsmouth.

Read the Want Ads.

PRESIDENT AGAINST SHIP SEIZURE

Began an Investigation of the Reports of German Ships Being Taken at Manila.

(Special to The Herald)

Washington, Feb. 7—President Wilson today devoted himself to an investigation of the reported seizure of German ships in American ports by federal officials. If it is been found that such action has been taken at Manila, it was learned that there will be a prompt disavowal by this government with orders that the vessels be released forthwith.

GUARDING THE TELEPHONE EXCHANGE

The New England Telephone and Telegraph Company has placed guards over the central exchanges in all cities and largetowns. The guard here went on duty on Tuesday.

Final Mark-Down ON SUITS

Our complete stock made into three lots--

$7.98, $10.00, $15.00

no other prices

L. E. STAPLES, Market St.

AMERICANS ARE ADVISED TO LEAVE GERMAN SOIL

Washington, Feb. 6.—All Americans have been advised to leave Germany. It was learned today instructions forwarded to Ambassador Gerard and American consuls were to give them this advice and assist them in leaving wherever possible.

Germany's answer to President Wilson's notice of a diplomatic break is expected within 24 hours.

It may be a declaration of war.

Belief is rapidly crystallizing among officials that this final step is inevitable and it would cause no surprise if Germany took it now. This belief was strengthened by receipt of Berlin press dispatches quoting Foreign Minister Zimmerman as saying: "There is no step backward" contemplated, following President Wilson's action.

Also it was recalled today that last spring, when the Sussex sinking threatened a diplomatic break, Ambassador von Bernstorff said such a break would result in an immediate declaration of war by Germany.

At the same time President Wilson told members of the foreign relations committee he had been "reliably informed" actual war would follow a break.

Von Bernstorff recently reiterated his former statement.

Should Germany make the war decision, some officials believe she will base her declaration on President Wilson's active efforts to align all neutral governments in a break.

Some officials, however, despite the declarations to the contrary believe she may modify her U-boat campaign before a greater crash results. While awaiting the step which may mean war the President is determined that this government shall take no move not fully and literally justified by the laws of nations and humanity; that nothing shall be done for mere expediency that might merit a reproach from any nation, even Germany.

Ready to Strike Quick and Hard

Meanwhile the government moved rapidly on inaugurating, completing and perfecting details of war preparation.

Every instrumentality at the direction of the President, Congress and the departments was being used toward getting all arms of the nation's defence strengthened and equipped for their first gigantic service since the Spanish-American war.

The President this afternoon is to meet with his cabinet and canvass the situation—what has been done and what is being planned toward mobilizing the tremendous resources of the country for threatened war.

So completely and quickly is the work proceeding that if the United States is called on to strike it can do so immediately and forcefully.

A policy of almost complete secrecy has been adopted in all departments, and for the second time in two years the President today discontinued conferences with newspapermen, owing to a delicate situation.

Neutral action in response to President Wilson was expected today in some countries. Should it develop that neutrals are to follow the lead of the United States, it is probable a conference of all of them will be called to discuss the part each is to bear in bringing pressure on Germany to relax its warfare.

Congress was ready to authorize the raising of any sum needed.

The Senate is expected to vote a resolution of confidence in the President and the House will follow. The upper body would have done it yesterday except for parliamentary technicality. Under the rigid Senate rules the Stone indorsement resolution is up today.

HAMPTON

Schools in town closed at noon on Monday on account of storm.

Miss Augusta Blake was home for the week-end.

Mrs. John A. Ross, Jr., of Potsdam, N. Y., was in town last week calling on relatives.

A basketball game and dance at the town hall on Friday.

Miss Sadie B. Lane is visiting relatives in Salem, Mass.

Union meeting at the Advent church on Friday evening.

EVEN OREGON FEELS FAMINE IN SALMON.

Portland, Ore., Feb. 5.—Although Oregon is the centre of the greatest salmon canning district in the world, Oregonians face a famine of this favorite food fish. High prices paid for salmon in the east have depleted the supply of canned stocks here and even the fresh fish are being rushed east for the larger profits.

BEST LIVER AND BOWEL LAXATIVE FOR FAMILY USE

"Carcarets" regulate women, men and children without injury.

Take when bilious, headachy, for colds, bad breath, sour stomach.

Instead of nasty, harsh pills, salts, castor oil or dangerous calomel, why don't you keep Cascarets handy in your home? Cascarets act on the liver and thirty feet of bowels so gently you don't realize you have taken a cathartic, but they act thoroughly and can be depended upon when a good liver and bowel cleansing is necessary—they move the bile and poison from the bowels without griping and sweeten the stomach. You eat one or two at night like candy and you wake up feeling fine, the headache, biliousness, bad breath, coated tongue, sour stomach, constipation, or bad cold disappears. Mothers should give cross, sick, feverish or bilious children a whole Cascaret any time—they are harmless and safe for the little folks.

SUBMARINES TO RECEIVE DAILY ORDERS

To Come to Surface Every Night; May Not Molest Neutral Ships.

The Hague, Feb. 6—The Nieuw Courant learns that all German submarines engaged under the new block age order will have to rise to the surface at a given hour at night to receive orders.

The submarines left their harbors the last week in January. The longest trips planned are for five weeks, so, on March 6 every surviving submarine is expected to return to its home port.

NEWS PLEASES WASHINGTON

Belief Expressed That Order Will Remove Excuses for Illegal Attacks by U-Boats.

Washington, Feb. 6—State department officials tonight were interested greatly in the announcement from Amsterdam that German submarines operating in the barred zone hereafter will keep in touch with the admiralty and receive orders each night.

The belief was expressed that if the admiralty follows such a course, it will be possible to control the actions of the submarine commanders, and therefore Germany cannot excuse illegal attacks on the ground that the commanders were out of touch with the government. During the last two years the United States frequently has been compelled to wait for several weeks before German's versions of submarine attacks were presented because the admiralty pleaded that the commanders had not reported, and it was impossible to present the facts.

Some officials of the department were inclined to accept the announcement as further reason for believing that Germany intends to move carefully in the submarine campaign despite the statements made in Berlin that the submarines are going the limit without regard to law or the dictates of humanity.

BELGIAN RELIEF TO BE CONTINUED

Germany Gives Assurance to American Commission.

London, Feb. 6—Categorical assurances from the German government that it does not intend to interfere with the feeding of civilians in Belgium and Northern France were received today at the local office of the Belgian Relief Commission. Under these assurances, it was stated, the American agents of the commission may remain in the unoccupied zones until war is declared and in that event they would receive safe conduct.

It was stated that in the event of war between the United States and Germany the organization would continue its existence, but would discontinue the work of distributing supplies, limiting itself to unloading the cargoes in Rotterdam, at which point they would be turned over to some neutral government, probably Spain or Holland, to be distributed.

This information is regarded here as considerably improving the Belgian relief situation.

The only hinderance to the usual course of forwarding food to Belgium lies in the inability thus far to reach an agreement as to the routing of it through the submarine zone. Germany insists that it shall be sent by the route north of Scotland, while the British government stipulates that the relief ships must continue to use the English channel route by way of Falmouth; but the commission hopes that some compromise may be reached through Brand Whitlock, U. S. Minister to Belgium, by which the regular sailing can be resumed.

KITTERY POINT

Robert Brown of Bartlett road is enjoying a vacation from his duties at the navy yard.

Melvin Pinkham is restricted to his home ill with the grippe.

The mail car which is due here at 11.20 a. m. did not arrive until 2.30 p. m. on Tuesday.

Herbert Baker resumed his work as carpenter for Contractor Colby, after being confined to his home by a severe cold.

Mrs. Charles Mills is passing a few days with her son and wife at the Intervene.

The B. G. club will meet with Miss Alice M. Patch on Friday.

Mrs. Fanny Bunker returned to her home in Dover, N. H., today after visiting her mother, Mrs. Jane Patch for two weeks.

Miss Bertha Emery resumed her studies at Traip Academy today after being confined to her home ill with the grippe for two weeks.

The S. V. Embroidery club will be entertained by Mrs. Bertha Clarkson of Portsmouth on Friday evening.

Quite a number from this part of the town attended the York Lodge of Masons last evening, being conveyed there by a special car.

Mrs. George Curtis returned to her home in Somerville, Mass., today after passing a few days with her sisters, Mrs. H. E. Tobey and Mrs. L. V. Seegar.

Captain and Mrs. T. Burton Hoyt were visitors in Portsmouth last evening.

Alfred R. Tobey is able to be out of doors after an illness the past two weeks.

Mrs. Burns returned to her home in Kittery today after passing two weeks at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Tobey.

Mrs. Martin Williams who has been restricted to the home of her daughter, Mrs. Daniel Frisbee, ill with the grippe for the past two weeks, is now much improved and able to be down stairs, which her many friends will be pleased to hear.

Tonight will be observed at Kittery Point night at the services at the Methodist church, Kittery. It is hoped a good delegation will be present from here.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert E. Tobey are rejoicing over the birth of a ten pound son, born this noon.

RECIPE TO CLEAR A PIMPLY SKIN

Pimples are Impurities Seeking an Outlet Through Skin Pores.

Pimples, sores and boils usually result from toxins, poisons and impurities which are generated in the bowels and then absorbed into the blood through the very ducts which should absorb only nourishment to sustain the body.

It is the function of the kidneys to filter impurities from the blood and cast them out in the form of urine; but in many instances the bowels create more toxins and impurities than the kidneys can eliminate, then the blood uses the skin pores as the next best means of getting rid of these impurities which often break out all over the skin in the form of pimples.

The surest way to clear the skin of these eruptions, says a noted authority, is to get from any pharmacy about four ounces of Jad Salts and take a tablespoonful in a glass of hot water each morning before breakfast for one week. This will prevent the formation of toxins in the bowels. It also stimulates the kidneys to normal activity, thus causing them to filter the blood of impurities and clearing the skin of pimples.

Jad Salts is inexpensive, harmless and is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia. Here you have a pleasant, effervescent drink which usually makes pimples disappear; cleanses the blood and is excellent for the kidneys as well.

WAR RELIEF COMMITTEE WILL CARRY OUT PLANS

The War Relief committee today stated that they had no idea of giving up the entertainment for Feb. 22, and that the plans would be carried out on that date at the Woman's Club on Middle street. Further announcements will be made as to the features to be produced on the occasion.

SAVE YOUR HAIR AND BEAUTIFY IT WITH 'DANDERINE'

Spend 25 cents! Dandruff disappears and hair stops coming out.

Try This! Hair gets beautiful, wavy and thick in few moments.

If you care for heavy hair, that glistens with beauty and is radiant with life; has an incomparable softness and is fluffy and lustrous, try Danderine.

Just one application doubles the beauty of your hair, besides it immediately dissolves every particle of dandruff. This destructive scurf robs the hair of its lustre, its strength and its very life, and if not overcome it produces a feverishness and itching of the scalp; the hair roots furnish, loosen and die; then the hair falls out fast.

If your hair has been neglected and is thin, faded, dry, scraggy or too oily, get a 25-cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine at any drug store or toilet counter; apply a little as directed and ten minutes after you will say this was the best investment you ever made.

We sincerely believe, regardless of everything else advertised, that if you desire soft, lustrous, beautiful hair and lots of it—no dandruff—no itching scalp and no more falling hair—you must use Knowlton's Danderine. If eventually—why not now?

KITTERY

Kittery, Feb. 7, 1917.

Justin H. Shaw of Pleasant street was recently re-appointed trial justice of the Kittery municipal court for a term of seven years.

Horace, the little son of Mrs. Lillian McIntire of North Kittery, is ill.

The Riverside Reading Club will meet Friday afternoon with Mrs. A. S Wildes of Wentworth street.

Miss Doris Sprague of Government street has accepted a position in the office of Dr. H. E. Fuller, dentist, in Portsmouth.

Pahl's Parker House rolls, jelly rolls, and pastry at Sugrue's.

Mrs. John Hall is shortly to move from the Keene house at Fort Hill to her former home at the Isles of Shoals.

Piscataqua Chapter, O. E. S., meets tonight with initiation.

Mrs. Charles Lutts of Love lane and Mrs. Walter L. Lutts of Wentworth street are passing a few days in Boston and vicinity.

Rev. Herbert Brooks of North Kittery is confined to the house with a severe cold.

Mrs. Clarence Woodard is ill at her home on Rogers road.

Dr. Henry I. Durgin, who is ill at his home in South Eliot, is slowly improving.

The children of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Prince of Prince avenue have been ill.

Kittery Point night will be observed at the Gospel meeting tonight at the Methodist church, and a large delegation is expected from that village.

The Olivet Trio, assisted by Miss Ethel Batting, reader, will give a concert at Wentworth hall tonight which promises to be unusually good, and should have a large audience.

Arthur O. Goodwin of Dame street passed Tuesday in Nashua, N. H.

Mrs. Charles Spinney, who has been ill at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Mitchell, of North Kittery, recently suffered a relapse.

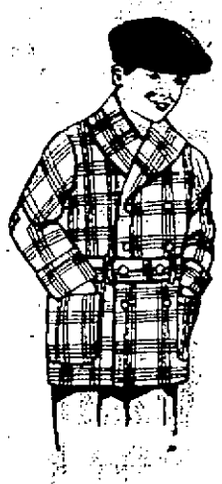
On account of the bad condition of the roads, the entertainment which was to have been held at the First M. E. church, for Thursday, has been postponed until Monday, Feb. 12.

GOVERNMENT LOOKS UP SACO, ME., POWER CRAFT

Saco, Me., Feb. 6—Blanks have been received by owners of power craft here asking for information regarding the size of their boat and engine, and what they would ask per day for operating the same if their services should be needed by the government in patrol duty.

There are about 75 boats in the Saco river fleet. While many of them are not large enough, some could be used.

The superintendent of schools of Dedham, Mass., was here yesterday visiting schools. He is seeking teachers.



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Patrick's are acknowledged to be the best in mackinaws. They're "bigger than the weather." They fit, they wear. Better get inside a Patrick now. Up to $12.00.

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5 Congress Street. 22 High Street.

Used Cars For Sale

Cadillac Standard of the World

1916 Studebaker, 6-cyl. $900
1914 Buick Runabout $325
1915 Chalmers, 6-cyl. $700
1914 Jackson Roadster $300
1914 Cadillac $800
1916 Overland, 6-cyl. $750

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N. C. Pine makes the best interior trim for the least money. Used in your house its beauty will add real value to it. We sell and recommend N. C. Pine Finish, Mouldings, Sheathing, Floors, Etc. Send us your next list. We can save you money on it.

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J. M. FIRE EXTINGUISHERS
RAT TRAPS, AXES, WOOD SAWS
HOUSE AND STABLE BROOMS
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Celluloid (Raw Material) Same Cost — **Photography** (Treatment) DIFFERENT — **Movie** (Exhibition) Same Service

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Direction — Acting — Cast — Story — Scenery

You can go blind with staring at the sun too long.

Your wife bores you sometimes, and you may not be a constant delight to her eyes.

No man is a hero to his own valet.

One longs for a glimpse of scenery, a glance at the news, the gist of a good story, and the idea of a plot, a good mixture of pleasant thoughts.

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The Public appreciate our Perfect Plays for thrilling, pleasing, brightening and refreshing them.

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PETERBOROUGH, N. H.

A LIGHT

needs only the touch of a match and correct apparel needs the distinctive touch of

Our Tailoring

to render it matchless in style individuality.

Call and note the quality of the new materials and the elegance of the latest designs.

MAX GELMAN

71 DANIEL ST. Tel.

HOPING FOR THE BEST PREPARING FOR WORST

Little Change in Situation Between Germany and U. S.--Switzerland and Spain Hold off Breaking Relations

Washington, Feb. 6.—The question of actual armed conflict between the United States and Germany is still momentous although no nearer than twenty-four hours ago. Official Washington is hoping for the best but the government machinery continues to prepare for the worst. Dispatches from London and European cities continue to tell of the submarine activities of Germany and several more vessels were the victims today, included in this being a Spanish steamer and a Norse bark, both neutrals.

There was a hint to the late afternoon dispatches that Germany may take the initiative in hostile action because of the attitude of the neutral nations in their receipt of his declarations to wage an unrestricted submarine war. That Spain and Switzerland have refused at this time to break off diplomatic relations with the Teuton government was learned today and their refusal to back up President Wilson and accede to his suggestions has not cleared the situation to any extent. The course adopted by these nations is based, probably, on the fact that Spain is to take care of the United States interests in Germany and Switzerland has accepted similar duties for Germany here. The likelihood of the Spanish rejection of Wilson's suggestion is heightened by the fact that Spain, apparently, has been anxious recently to play a large part in ultimate peace manoeuvres.

What bearing the sinking of the Spanish steamer Algarte by a torpedo from a German submarine, reported this afternoon, will have on Spain's attitude is not speculation. Officials close to the administration differ in their opinion, the majority believing that despite Spain's apparent fixed purpose to remain on good terms with the Teutons she will resent the action.

5 More Ships Torpedoed

London, Feb. 6.—The British sailing vessel Belford has been sunk, Lloyds announced today. Lloyds also announces that the Norwegian bark Aamara of 463 tons is believed to have been sunk.

The Tamara sailed from Black River, Jam., on Dec. 6, for Fleetwand, according to marine reports.

The British ship Belford of 1905 tons gross was last reported sailing from San Francisco on Aug. 23 for Plymouth.

The British ship Warly Pickering was also sunk in the barred zone today.

The Spanish steamship Algarte has been torpedoed. Two of her crew died from exposure in open boats.

Lloyds later announced the sinking of the British steamship Floridian of 4777 tons gross. Sixteen members of the crew were landed. The Floridian was built at Sunderland in 1913 and was owned by Leyland & Co., Ltd., of Liverpool.

Taxi Companies to Aid War Plan.

Chicago, Feb. 6.—The Shaw and Yellow Taxi Cab companies will offer use of their 500 cars to President Wilson today, should war be declared. John Hertz, general manager, announced. With the cars will go practically the entire force of chauffeurs and skilled mechanics.

Say Spain Calls for Submarine

New London, Ct., Feb. 6.—Rumor that the Spanish submarine Isaac Peral has received orders to sail at once for Spain was added to the long list of submarine rumors here early today. The boat has been here for some time timing up and taking on supplies. Officials claim to know nothing of the commander's orders or intentions.

Spain's Reply to U. S. Now Ready

Madrid, Spain, Feb. 6, via Paris, Feb 6.—The government has prepared a reply to the communication from Washington inviting neutrals to associate themselves with the United States in its policy regarding the German naval measures. The reply will be submitted to the leaders of the minority parties and then passed upon finally by the cabinet. It may be made public tomorrow.

U. S. is Moving Ammunition to Northern Ports.

Norfolk, Va., Feb. 6.—The movement of a considerable amount of ammunition from the Norfolk navy yard—St. Julian magazine—to northern ports is under way, it became known today.

Holland Joins in U-Boat Protest

The Hague, Feb. 6.—It is known that Holland has protested strongly against Germany's decree of unrestricted submarine warfare, but the press is silent as to the government's action. The foreign office refuses to give any details as to the course adopted by the administration.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS FOR THE PAST MONTH

The following real estate transfers were recorded at the city assessors office during the month of January:

Charlotte L. Holmes to W. J. Cater, land, State street.

Fred L. Shaw to Charles Jenness, land, Saganore avenue.

Harry Cohen to Wilbur O. Winn, house and lot, Cass street.

Katherine A. Fullam to Shapiro & Brown, house and land, Bartlett street.

Edwin C. Blaisdell to Charles W. Brewster, land, South street.

Shapiro & Brown to George L. Keltenbeck, house and land, Hunking street.

H. I. Walden to M. A. Higgins, house and land, Pleasant street.

F. W. Hartford, to Arthur W. Horton, land, Middle street.

Wilbur O. Winn to Annie Nazaroff, farm, Boyd road.

S. Shapiro and J. Brown, to Jeremiah J. Quirk, house and land, Dover street.

Kelley and Paul to Dennis J. Long, land, Park street.

Sarah H. Marcy to Charles W. Brewster, five tenement block, McDonough street.

OUCH! LUMBAGO! RUB PAINS FROM SORE, LAME BACK

Rub Backache away with Small Trial Bottle of Old, penetrating "St. Jacob's Oil."

Back hurt you? Can't straighten up without feeling sudden pains, sharp aches and twinges? Now listen! That's lumbago, sciatica or maybe from a strain, and you'll get relief the moment you rub your back with soothing, penetrating "St. Jacob's Oil." Nothing else takes out soreness, lameness and stiffness so quickly. You simply rub it on your back and out comes the pain. It is harmless and doesn't burn the skin.

Limber up! Don't suffer! Get a small trial bottle of old, honest "St. Jacob's Oil" from any drug store, and after using it just once, you'll forget that you ever had backache, lumbago or sciatica, because your back will never hurt or cause any more misery. It never disappoints and has been recommended for 60 years.

"PRO BONO" MAY WALK THE PLANK.

Jefferson City, Mo., Feb. 6.—There will be no more anoyhmous communications printed in newspapers, periodicals and magazines in Missouri if a bill introduced by Senator Elder of St. Louis becomes a law. "Pro Bono Publico," "Veritas," "Taxpayer," "Citizen" etc, will have to retire.

"No person shall hereafter offer for publication or indirectly secure the publication in any newspaper, magazine or periodical published within this state, any article, statement, composition, letter or contribution which is not signed by his or her true and correct name," the bill says.

Violation of the law is made a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not less than $50 nor more than $300, with possible imprisonment of from 30 to 90 days in the county jail or by both fine and imprisonment.

If a similar law should be enacted in this state what a lot of disappointed authors and kickers this town would hold. We would receive no more communications from "Rockweed," "Mechanic," "Navy Yard Workman," "Boys of '61," "Old Veteran," "Red Shirt," "Has Been," "Tax Payer," "South End," "Sculpin Point," "Business Man," "Rolling Rocker" and hundreds of others. Life would be a dull proposition in this event.

NAVY YARD IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION MEETING TONIGHT

The Navy Yard Improvement Association will meet on Wednesday evening at Pierce hall. Naval Constructor R. C. Schlabach will address the men. Moving pictures of some of the big manufacturing plants of the country will be shown.

BELIEVES WAR WITH GERMANY IMPROBABLE

BREWER EDDY IN ADDRESS TO THE JOHN LANGDON CLUB LAST EVENING GIVE HIS REASONS FOR SO THINKING.

Mr. Brewer Eddy of Boston, in his talk before the John Langdon Club at the North Church Chapel on Tuesday evening gave as his reason for not thinking that the present differences between the United States and Germany would not result in war, was that this country's protest to Germany was that of a neutral seeking only the rights of a neutral, and that we held no enmity toward Germany, now we were protesting in a spirit of commercialism. Mr. Eddy proved an entertaining speaker and took as his subject "Five Weeks with Kitchener's Mob." He has but lately returned from England where he spent considerable time at the beginning of the war in the training camps of the British army, the camps in which the late Earl Kitchener was whipping his citizen-soldiers into shape to face the Germans on the field. He visited twenty-five of these camps and in his talk gave in detail the work as shown him of modern discipline and training of the British soldier. One of the things which seemed to have interested Mr. Eddy most was the intense enthusiasm and loyalty to the mother country of the Canadian colonels in training at Folkstone. He paid high tribute to these men and boys of America for the sacrifice and love they bear to Great Britain, the greater part of them being volunteers to the cause.

Mr. Eddy closed his talk with an opinion of the existing differences between this country and Germany. He holds a very conservative view of the situation and does not believe that there will be a war. He said that there was a marked difference in the existing conditions which prompted the Allies to go into the war and the conditions in this country. He opened the meeting to a general discussion and in questions, in the course of which he further explained his reasons for believing there will be no war. He pictured the mobilization camps, the transporting of troops, the massing of munitions and finances, and other events which must follow a declaration of war, in a clear light. Even in the event of war Mr. Eddy does not believe that there will be any fighting on this side of the Atlantic and he closed by saying that he hoped the United States would not have to fight Germany in her own territory.

SPRING POULTRY WORK.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 6.—The poultry raiser on farm or in city who wishes to produce fall and winter eggs with a by-product of spring "fryers" should begin now to plan for the early setting of eggs, say poultry specialists of the U. S. Department of Agriculture. In the states of the extreme South settings should be made from the first to the middle of February; in the central group of states, from the early part to the last of February; and in the northern tier of States, from the latter part of February to the early part of April. With settings timed on this schedule the chicks will hatch in ample time to allow their maturity before cold weather. The pullets from these broods should lay during the late fall or early winter when eggs are scarcest.

The setting schedule outlined also will permit the development of early spring "fryers." The young chicks will be developed to the point where they may be turned out on the ground by the time vegetation is out, and so may augment their feed with green stuff. The smaller breeds of chickens can be hatched later than those which are larger and slower to develop.

One difficulty in setting eggs in the spring at selected dates if the natural system of incubation is followed is in finding broody hens at the proper times. If natural incubation is depended upon exclusively it probably will be best for the poultry raiser to disregard dates and make settings whenever broody hens are available. A good nest for setting is made of wood, 15 inches square and about 15 inches high, with a top. The front is open except for a board 6 inches high. Three or four inches of damp earth should be placed in such a nest and on this straw, hay, or chaff should be firmly packed. The hens should be dusted thorougghly with insect powder. It is a good plan, also, to sprinkle a little of the powder in the nests.

The sugegsted schedule can be followed exactly if an incubator is used. The machine should be operated in a warm room, preferably a cellar, as a protection against outside temperature changes. It should be disinfected before being used, with a solution of a reliable coal-tar disinfectant. Instead of using such a solution a small receptacle containing one-half ounce of permanganate of potash on which one-half ounce of formalin has been poured may be shut up in the incubator. The resulting gas will thoroughly disinfect the machine. After disinfection the incubator should be run empty for several days to get it into good operating condition. After the eggs are in place the temperature should be held at from 101½° to 102° F. the first week, 102° to 103° the second week, and at 103° the third week.

The eggs usually are turned for the first time at the end of the second day and twice daily through the eighteenth or nineteenth day. The eggs are cooled outside the hatching chamber once daily after the seventh and up to the nineteenth day. Moisture should be furnished in artificial incubation in the South, in high altitudes, and when the incubator room is dry. This may be done by sprinkling the eggs with warm water or by placing a wet sponge or pan of water under the egg tray.

During the hatching period carefully fill the lamp and trim the wick each day. It is best to trim the wick by scraping off the burnt portion rather than by cutting the wick. The lamp should not be filled entirely. After the lamp is filled it should be closely observed for a time to make sure that the flame does not get too high.

SHOES OF ALUMINUM.

Owing to the increase in the cost of leather, which has been on the upward trend for many years, there has been a demand for some substitute that will take its place to a certain extent in the manufacture of shoes, and in some parts of the country there has been received with favor a shoe partly made of aluminum.

The use of leather is not dispensed with entirely, but the sole and counter the parts most subject to wear, are made of the metal. The hard usage of shoes comes on the heel and sole, and in the case of the aluminum the wearer walks on the heel and a rocker across the sole of the shoe, which parts are renewable and may be readily replaced without sending the shoes to the shoemaker.

The new shoes are no heavier than those of leather, and are said to be much more economical on account of the increased service secured.—Toronto Star.

Read the Want Ads.

Does Prohibition Prohibit?

A few days ago a letter appeared in a New Hampshire paper from a Mayor of a "prohibition" city, which outlined the **wonderful benefits** that had **resulted** from **"prohibitory" control.** Ten days ago this **same official** was **indicted** by a **federal jury** charged with **accepting bribes** from a syndicate of "boot-leggers," in whose illegal operations the police and county officials are **hopelessly entangled** as **aids** and **beneficiaries.**

An old adage, "The grass on the other side of the fence always looks the greenest," states a truth—and **many** gaze into prohibitory fields with **longing** when **in fact** they are **better protected** by the control enjoyed in their own State. This is **particularly true** of New Hampshire where **local option supported** by **public opinion** has proved a most **effective regulatory** measure.

It is from the **prohibition press** of "prohibition" states that we **obtain** the most **damaging evidence** against the effort to **establish** a control upon a community, the **majority** of whose residents oppose such an attempt. The following from "prohibition" Colorado will be interesting **reading** for **those** who **believe** prohibition has solved the liquor **problem:**

Denver Alleys Swarm With Bootleggers Who Ply Trade in Open

Vile Concoction Sold Sneeringly Would Paralyze Wooden Indian, Blind Goddess of Liberty and Make Dumb the Voice of Freedom.

Crazy, paralyzed drunk, seven men were taken to the county hospital in the last week, according to W. E. Collett, head of the prison association, because their condition was too serious for jail authorities to deal with.

In face of these seven exhibits resulting from the merry bootlegger plying an **unmolested trade** on the city streets, in rooming houses, in pool rooms and soft drink emporiums, the city administration declares that Denver is dry and that all is being done that can be done to enforce the prohibition law.

"The effect of the bootlegger's booze is something appalling," said Collett. "I have myself observed a number of cases and have heard the victims explain their condition when the power of speech has been restored to them.

"A man finds no difficulty in getting all the booze he wants after he lands the first drink," said a man who had come to the office of the prison association after recovering from a siege of bootleggers' poison. "A whiskey breath seems to summon all the vultures from alleys, from doorways, from the shadowy places of downtown blocks and even from so-called respectable neighborhoods where 'importers' are quietly dispensing what they ship in through street agents.

"There is a reason for this. The booze that men buy in Denver today from street merchants paralyzes a man's muscles, so he can't lift his arms or move his legs; then it makes him blind so that he can't see what he is doing, and it ties up his vocal chords and sets his brain on fire. These are the first symptoms. Later comes the delirium, when a man's got to be tied in bed to keep him from self-destruction, and after that the exhaustion of mind and body and the poisonous effect on the organs of the body. Many men are arrested for being drunk, but the bootleggers are not brought to bar.

"In spite of these arrests and of the cases of 'Drunks' at the county hospital, the city administration, of which the county hospital is a function, insists that the law is being enforced," said Collett, who is of the opinion that **Unless the Bootlegger and his Merchandise are Done Away with, Hundreds of Men will be Destroyed and Become Public Charges.**

—Denver Post, Sunday, Sept. 17, 1916.

Local option has been a success in New Hampshire. Are there good reasons for a change at this time?

New Hampshire State Association of Licensees.

George H. Steele, Secy.

Advertisement—4

WOULD EXEMPT THE STAR ISLAND PROPERTY

Concord, Feb. 6.—Col. John H. Bartlett of Portsmouth has introduced a bill in the house which is of special interest to Unitarians, as it provides for exempting their Star Island property from taxation. The bill reads as follows:

"All the real estate, buildings or buildings, including fixtures, now owned by the Star Island corporation, being the island known as Star Island, situate in the Atlantic ocean and being included within the town limits of the town of Rye, and used for religious, educational and kindred purposes by the Unitarian denomination for Unitarian summer meetings, with such improvements as may be made thereon, shall be exempt from taxation as long as they are used for such religious and educational purposes. This bill shall take effect upon its passage."

"Give Me Men As Sleep 4 O'Nights"

—Julius Caesar.

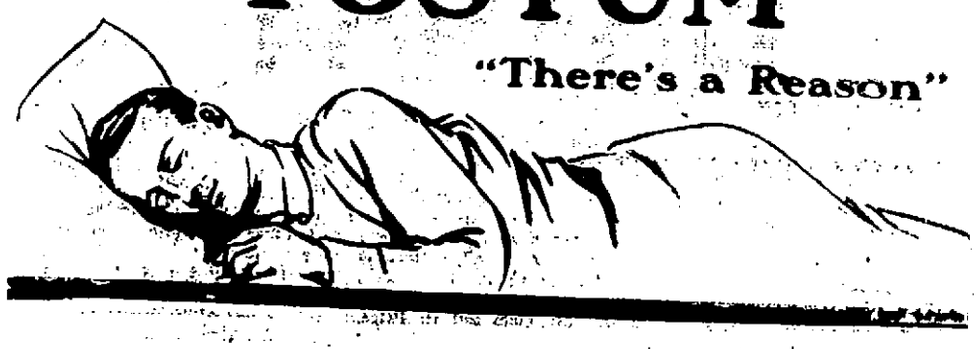
One of the most admirable of modern recipes for good, healthy night-sleep is the abstaining from coffee (and tea) at the evening meal.

A better recipe, for health and comfort at all times is total abstinence.

For a cheering, healthful, non-disturbing, delicious beverage, use

POSTUM

"There's a Reason"



Fire, Smoke and Water Sale

$10,000 of Men's and Boys' Clothing, Furnishings, Boots, Shoes and Rubbers Will be Sold at a Sacrifice

Sale Will Continue During Alterations

L. Slosberg Store, 53 Market St.

COME EARLY AND TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THIS OPPORTUNITY

The Portsmouth Herald

Established September 23, 1884.

Published every evening, Sundays and holidaysexcepted, by The Herald Publishing Company.

TERMS—$4.00 a year when paid in advance; 50 cents a month; 1 cents per copy, delivered in any part of the city or sent by mail.

Communications should be addressed to F. W. Hartford, Editor.

Entered at the Portsmouth, N. H., postoffice as second-class mail matter.

Advertising rates reasonable and made known upon application.

FOR PORTSMOUTH AND PORTSMOUTH'S INTERESTS

TELEPHONES:

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Portsmouth, N. H., Wednesday, February 7, 1917.

The Nation's Solid Front.

The people of the United States stand as firm as the Rock of Gibralter for the duty before them, however arduous and trying this may be. What the future has in store for this country in connection with the world upheaval no man knows but we all know that the people of this great republic, dedicated to freedom and equal rights, will continue to stand as they always have for the eternal principles upon which this government was founded.

It is extremely gratifying, though by no means surprising, to see partisanship laid aside as it is at the present time and men of all political faiths lining up behind the president as one man. In this crisis the people are not to be classified as Republicans, Democrats, Socialists or Prohibitionists. We are all Americans. America for all and all for America, is our battle cry.

This country is prepared to act as a unit in the preservation of its own rights and the common rights of common humanity. It has not sought war. It has evaded it by every honorable expedient, even going to such lengths in the interest of peace as to call forth criticism from some of its leading and most patriotic citizens. But the time has come when it cannot further accede to the demands made upon it by a desperate power, and from this time on its rights will be upheld at any cost.

Herein is illustrated the true meaning of the word patriotism. It shows that the people of the country stand for the interests of the country. In its ordinary affairs they divide on questions of policy, but in the face of a common danger they stand as one.

This has always been so, and without doubt it always will be. There are times when discouraging symptoms are displayed in our politics and timid minds are led to fear for the future, but when the test of manhood and patriotism comes the people never fail to rise to the occasion.

It is only to be hoped the country will not be called upon at this time to meet the supreme test, but if it is it will demonstrate that it is ready for it. This is proved by what has already taken place and by the history of a country that has met every emergency in the past with high motives, a clear conscience and a solid front.

The Boston board of health has been giving attention of late to dealers in dairy products, and with good results. It was found that part of the cream had been removed from some of the milk sold and that some of the dealers had been selling oleomargarine and renovated butter for the "real thing" at top-notch prices. A large number of dealers were haled into court and convicted, and substantial fines were imposed. It might be well for other cities to ascertain whether Boston is the only one in which such practices are in vogue.

General Wood, who says the National Guard has been "drugged by praise," is promptly reminded by a keen and critical newspaper that it was never surprised at its post, as was a section of the regular army at Columbus, N. M. Bearing down on the National Guard is not a nice way to advance the cause of universal compulsory military training, which, if it ever comes, is liable not to be as popular as some people think it will.

South Dakota is preparing to legislate with reference to operations for appendicitis. It is proposed to enact a law under which every appendix removed shall be submitted to the state laboratory for examination, and if it is found that it was not diseased the operating surgeon will be unable to collect pay for his work. Such a law might have a tendency to check the ravages of appendicitis to a considerable extent.

President Wilson endorses the daylight saving plan, which consists in setting the clocks ahead one hour during the summer. It has been tried in Europe with results claimed to be beneficial, and yet to many it seems like a childish proceeding. However, the president's attitude is such that it is sure to be tried in this country if it can by any means be "jammed" through Congress.

There has been a greatly increased sale of Bibles in Boston of late and the inference is that this is one of the results of the Billy Sunday campaign. Whatever the cause, it is certain that the Bible is much better literature than much that is published in Boston, and if the people will read it as extensively as they are reported to be buying, lasting good should be the result.

Candlemas day was not of the kind that suits those who believe that it rules the weather for the ensuing three months. The groundhog had no trouble in seeing his shadow, and that was not the only reason why he was glad to hurry back into his hole. There was a chill in the air that made out-door life anything but enticing.

Editorial Comment

Fairness to Fillmore

(From the Cleveland Plain Dealer.)

As time progresses and historical events are seen from a fairer perspective, old prejudices and old measurements are likely to be modified and readjusted. President Millard Fillmore has been reckoned among the minor chief executives of the nation. He has been regarded largely as a colorless person, with few ideas and no initiative. It has been declared that his administration was not marked by a single worth-while incident that could be credited to the nation's head.

Now comes his biographer, a distinguished lecturer and author, and asks Americans to credit President Fillmore with advancing and making possible one of the most important diplomatic events in the nation's annals, the enterprise of alluring Japan into friendly relations with the rest of the world. For the most part the credit for this desirable consummation has been gglven that eminent naval officer, Commodore Matthew Calbraith Perry, whose courage and firmness and menacing guns are popularly supposed to have opened the guarded ports to commerce and the world. It is now claimed that Commodore Perry played a merely subordinate part in this international drama. President Fillmore, moved by the suggestion of his secretary of the navy, William Graham, resolved to fit out the expedition, according to the story, and Commodore Perry was chosen as its commander—because he was a man familiar with the progress of our nation, a man of scientific attainments, and a trained diplomat. There was no question of using force, no thought of aggressive action. It was to be a peaceful and persuasive quest. In the year that the fleet was fitted out President Fillmore conferred with the members of the Imperial Japanese embassy, then on a visit to this country, and discussed this proposed act of peaceful diplomacy. His orders to Perry, the biographer states, were firm and emphatic. There was to be neither bluff nor bluster, and under no circumstances was the officer to use force unless attacked.

How well Commodore Perry performed his mission the readers of history know. It cannot lessen his fame in the slightest degree to give President Fillmore whatever credit belonggs to him in the matter. Nor can the method of securing this world-concession detract from its value. What this Fillmore biographer attempts is merely to set the historians right and give credit where credit is due.

They Want Our Ships.

(From the Boston Herald)

America a builder of ships for European countries at prices lower than the figures at which they could build for themselves! What next? There is no knowing what this nation may yet accomplish as it continues to develop its natural resources and its industrial power. But few, if any, of its citizens could have dreamed that in the year 1917 it would outstrip the most expert shipbuilding nations of Europe in a trade that they practised for centuries before the birth of the United States. Yet, while we are not putting up a sign board to say that we are shipbuilders for the world, it is true that Europeans in need of ships are coming to our yards and having their requirements satisfied for less money than they would have to pay at home.

What is the explanation? It is not altogether a cheapening of materials, and not at all a cheapening of labor. The great war has had much to do with the change. It has almost closed the British, German, French and Italian yards against foreign orders, because the governments have taken control and must have so much done for the work of war. The British yards, which were the greatest producers, seem to have all they can do to fill the gaps caused by the destruction of British shipping. They can hardly look at foreign contracts. The London Daily Mail confesses that "for the first time since ships began to be built of iron or steel, if not indeed in the entire history of shipbuilding, it has been possible to get ships built at less cost in the United States, than in the United Kingdom. Orders that in other days would have ggone to British builders have come to American yards from Norway, Sweden, South America and elsewhere. Norway especially, being eager for a share of the high freight rates due to the world's shipping shortage, has ordered largely, and even English owners have come into the market for vessels suitable to take the place of the steam trawlers that have been lost while acting as scouts or minesweepers.

These are matters that should be kept in mind when looking at the American shipbuilding figures. This year the output will be larger than in any previous year. We must not suppose that it indicates the addition to be made to our own mercantile marine. Of the gross steel tonnage, amounting to more than 1,250,000, which is under contract to be launched during the current calendar year, about one-third will go to foreign nations. They wish to have American-built ships. And there is no reason why they should not obtain them, or why our builders should not cultivate the trade so well begun, if only we secure a supply sufficient to meet our own ever-growing needs. Such are the circumstances of the time, in consequence of the war, that now is the opportunity, to acquire the very desirable foreign business, but now also is the opportunity to strengthen our merchant navy so that the transportation of our foreign freights may not be dependent on the shipping of foreign countries. This is not the less important work.

Count Von Bernstorff

(From the Boston Transcript.)

Before shedding further crocodile tears over Count von Bernstorff, as some newspapers are doing in editorials stating that the dismissal is directed against the German Government rather than the ambassador personally, it should be recalled that within six months of the war's outbreak Count Bernstorff had outraged the hospitality of this nation. Ample cause has ever since existed for his dismissal; the only reason, probably, that his recall was not demanded being that the State Department know not who might be sent in his stead. His subordinates plotted against the neutrality, the peace and the laws of the United States; Two of them were dismissed. Cut off from home, Count von Bernstorff has exercised supreme German political and diplomatic authority in North America.

At first Berlin divided its authority between Bernstorff and Dernberg. Later the latter was withdrawn. The ambassador remained supreme, his prestige with the Wilhelmstrasse increasing when Mr. Bryan left the Cabinet in protest at what then seemed to him President Wilson's too aggressive stand on the Lusitania. The President declined to modify his policy to prevent Bryan's retirement, but once the Commoner was out a sharp issue with Germany was avoided and Bryan's expected antagonism averted. Count Bernstorff got credit at Berlin and elsewhere for creating a split in the American Cabinet. He has been no ambassadorial messenger boy, transmitting Berlin's order. In recent months especially he is believed to have been one of the German Government's most trusted counsellors. Whether he actually advised the final desperate step is not known, but his entire service, technically able and brilliantly bold, has been Prussian to the highest degree in its single-purposed devotion to German ends. German policy has too often flouted American rights and sensibilities to justify the supposition that the ambassador did his utmost to interpret the best thought of the nation to his Potsdam master.

The Kaiser is grateful and has rewarded Bernstorff with the Iron Cross with the white ribbon, as he has others who have been the instrument of violation of American rights. This should be enough for the retiring diplomat. Let him not be burdened with sympathy engendered by the passion for triviality which recent events seem to have inspired in certain newspapers and individuals.

Our "Coronation" Ceremonies

(From the Omaha Bee.)

Debate in the United States Senate over the extravagance of the quadrennial inauguration exercises is not likely to excite much of sympathetic response from the great American public. Our folks dearly love to see a parade and especially are partial to putting their officials on exhibition, that they may applaud what they voted for. The ending of one administration and the beginning of another is of sufficient moment to warrant its being marked by a demonstration of popular rejoicing. Calling it a "coronation" isn't going to alter the fact that people want it and in order to get it are willing to travel long distances and submit with something of grace to the extortions practiced by the innkeepers of the capital. This spirit isn't confined to America, nor to the present age; it has existed in all times and among all peoples. Veteran senators, who have seen quite a succession of presidents, may have lost interest in the inaugural parade, but if they will look out of the window on the 5th of March next they will see Pennsylvania avenue pretty well filled up with folks whose interest in the event is still keen. "Coronations" may come more frequently and with more of regularity in this country than abroad, but are none the less proper occasions for display.

His Ear to the Ground

(Frank L. Stanton in Atlanta Constitution.)

Seems that you hear the old land say,
"You'd better stir about;
There's lots o' life in me today,
But you must bring it out!"

A Tip to All Patriots

(From the New York Sun.)

At present the most valuable contribution that any patriotic citizen can make to the common welfare is a generous measure of good nature, and abstention from the promotion of controversial enterprises.

How Does the Stockholder Gain?

(From the Hartford Courant)

One day's mail brings, in the financial columns of the newspapers, the information that the Ohio Oil Company has declared a stock dividend of three hundred per cent, increasing the par value of each share from $25 to $100 the paper increase being from $16,000,000 to $60,000,000. The American Radiator Company has declared a stock dividend of fifty per cent, which means a paper increase of $4,500,000. The Wheeling Steel & Iron Company has declared a stock dividend of twenty per cent, making a paper increase from $7,500,000 to $9,000,000. So it goes day after day. The question is, how much does a stockholder gain by the process? It is interesting contrast to read that the directors of the Youngstown Sheet & Tube Company have rescinded their recommendation of a stock dividend of one hundred per cent and say that "it would be better to increase the rate of cash dividend than to increase the number of shares."

New Views on the Tariff

(From the Buffalo News)

Mr. S. Davies Warfield, chairman of the board of directors of the Seaboard Air Line Railroad Company, and president of the Continental Trust Company of Baltimore, has recently contributed a series of articles to the metropolitan papers which have been endorsed by many prominent southerners and which illustrate the change of opinion there.

He says in one of his contributions to the New York Commercial:

"I am a Democrat; I was brought up in the free trade school, but the time has come when the Democratic party, if it wishes to live, must adjust its doctrines to changing conditions. The day has passed for a tariff for revenue only. We must have a tariff for the benefit of our industries—we will call it 'benefit' if you do no like the word 'protection.'

I believe that through the Tariff Commission quicker and better results can be obtained than would have been possible through the attempt to have passed a Republican tariff bill. The Democratic party can give the south—call it what you may, high tariff or protection—that which, in my opinion, is essential to its more rapid advancement and to the fulfilment of its greatest hopes."

That is a view which the south is grasping—which the whole country is assimilating.

We want the tariff to be the handball of politics no longer, to be swatted back and forth by partisans. It is an economic instrument and as such should—and must—be handled.

Germany's Game

(From the Toronto Mail and Empire.)

Germany has publicly admitted by her latest communication to the United States that she has been defeated, and that one more enemy does not matter. Her game now appears to be to get the United States into the war in the hope that her influence in determining terms of peace will be for a moderation that the present Allies would never countenance.

Letters from the People

Receives No Benefit From Taxes.

Editor—On Feb. 7, there appeared in your columns an item headed: "Should Pay a Tax," signed "Rye," concerning which I beg to make the following statement:

It is indeed proper and quite without criticism that any citizen of Rye should inquire regarding the proposed legislation for the exemption of Star Island properties. The Star Island Corporation, however, justifies their request for exemption for these two reasons, first, Star Island property is classed as all other real estate owned by church organizations and, second, owing to the isolation of the property the Island derives no benefits in return for taxes paid.

Regarding the first point: The charter granted by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts states clearly the purpose of this new corporation, namely, "To hold and administer Star Island, one of the Isles of Shoals off Portsmouth, N. H., and such other property as the Corporation may acquire for religious, educational and kindred purposes." This purpose is also clearly stated in the dedication of the Island: "Forasmuch as Star Island, one of the Isles of Shoals and a portion of the State of New Hampshire, has been acquired by and is now the property of the Star Island Corporation, so now do we, the officers and members of said Corporation, declare and proclaim that Star Island is now and hereby dedicated forever to the glory of God and the well-being of Man; to the brotherhood of all earnest souls, to the untrammelled study and utterance of the truth, to the promotion of pure religion. Now, therefore, let all persons who frequent this island so comport themselves as they should who are the heirs of a noble tradition and who seek to bring in the reign of righteousness and good-will.

And may the God of our fathers be in our midst, the while we dwell together in the unity of the spirit and in the bond of peace. Amen."

From a business point of view the summer convention rates at the hotel are based entirely on the acutal needs of the Corporation for the upkeep and development of the Island property and nothing in the form of profit could ever be realized from the operation of such a mutual business. The available funds for the purchase of this property were contributed by hundreds of small and a few large contributors who gave their money outright with the understanding that no interest would ever be paid.

Regarding the second point, namely, the isolation: This is a portion of a township which is peculiar to itself, for the Island has no schools, no money spent for roads, no protection from fire and in fact none of the benefits which mainland property could rightfully expect in return for their portion of taxes paid, and furthermore, for the last few years the town of Rye, acknowledging this fact, has simply collected from the owners of Star Island property that portion of the tax which is required by the State and County.

I will state an opinion, which is: That the time will come when the State of New Hampshire will point with pride to an island off Portsmouth Harbor, the most interesting history of which, beginning at the landing of John Smith, in 1614, has been perpetuated by the Star Island Corporation.

The people of Portsmouth and Rye should do all in their power to foster and make permanent this corporation of churches for each year hundreds of people all over the United States are not only having their attention called to these summer gatherings but are coming in increasing numbers to these islands.

"An Interested Party."

SUBMARINE WARFARE GROWING

Forty-Five Ships Sunk So Far This Week—One American.

(Special to The Herald)

London, Feb. 7—Affidavits are being taken from survivors of the British steamer Everstone at Queenstown by U. S. Consul Frost. These are expected to arrive here within 48 hours and then Ambassador Page will be in a position to make a detailed report to the state department as to the death of Richard Wallace, the American who was killed by shell fire from a German submarine. Another investigation is being carried on by the British admiralty.

German submarine warfarb is growing in intensity. During the first six days of the campaign in the barred zone, 45 ships with a tonnage of 86,344, were destroyed. Of these, one was an American; 19 others belonged to other neutral nations; 21 were British and four were owned by other belligerents. The number of killed is unknown. The financial damage is estimated at more than $60,000,000.

EXPLOSION IN GERMAN PLANT

Two Hundred Killed, Mostly Women, in Noted Plant at Selhauf.

(Special to The Herald)

London, Feb. 7—Two hundred lives were lost in an explosion Saturday at the Nobel munition plant at Selhauf, according to dispatches received from Amsterdam. The greater part killed were women.

WILL WORK WITH COMMISSIONERS

The Rockingham county delegation held a meeting at Concord today and appointed Representative Bell of Exeter, Dickey of Portsmouth, Buxton of Salem, Gilmore of Epping, to work with the county commissioners in the matter of securing plans for the proposed new buildings at the county farm.

SPANISH SUBMARINE NOTE HERE

Copy Received at Washington But Contents Held by Ambassador.

Washington, Feb. 7.—The Spanish government's protest against the ruthless submarine warfare of Germany was received at the Spanish embassy here this morning. The note is quite long and it came in sections and in code. The officials of the embassy refused to give out the contents nor would they give any information concerning the note at the present, but it is possible that it may be released later in the day or tomorrow morning. It is understood that Spain does not sever diplomatic relations with Germany, although making a vigorous protest against the barred zone or blockade. Spanish officials have all along held that if Spain and Switzerland should break with Germany there would be nobody in Berlin to look after the interests of Americans, or those of France, England, Italy and Russia.

Woman loves a clear, rosy complexion. Burdock Blood Bitters is splendid for purifying the blood, clearing the skin, restoring sound digestion. All druggists sell it. Price, $1.00.

"GOLD" SHIP MACHINERY DESTROYED

Germans Had Damaged Ship Before It Was Seized by U. S. Marshal.

Boston, Feb. 7—Closer scrutiny of the inward workings of the Kronprinzessin Cecilie shows that the engines of the now famous "gold ship" are of no practical value, save as junk and that it will be necessary to install new machinery to make the vessel available for any more material uses than as a boarding house. It is also evident that the irremediable damage was done, not recently or since Germany's latest U-boat declaration and the severance of diplomatic relations between Germany and the U. S. but several weeks ago, before the crisis was known to impend.

When the official investigators delved into the intracies of the German liner's system, they found that Great chunks of steel had been removed from the cylinders in two engines, evidently by the use of electric saws. The heads of bolts on these cylinders had been knocked off so cleanly that it would be impossible to remove them without putting the cylinders completely out of commission. The engines are of German make and it is improbable that the cylinders could be replaced in this country.

Captain John B. Coyne, division engineer of the coast guard service, made these discoveries Monday. He has made a report to the authorities in Washington. As one result of the newly discovered situation, United States Marshall yesterday withdrew privileges to board the ship which had been extended to members of the officers' staff and the crew.

Captain Polack, commander of the liner, called on the marshal yesterday morning and with tears in his eyes pleaded that the men be allowed to go to the ship and get their personal belongings. The two men talked for more than half an hour, the captain insisting that the men be allowed to go on the liner. Mr. Mitchell told him that in view of conditions he would not continue the privilege.

FOUR GERMAN STEAMERS AT NEW YORK CRIPPLED

New York, Feb. 6—Machinery in four of the smaller steamships in the fleet of merchant vessels belonging to Germany moored to piers at Hoboken N. J., at the 13th street and the North River, Manhattan, have been crippled it was learned authoritatively tonight.

Piston heads in two of the liners' engine rooms had been cracked and parts of the steaming mechanism in the other two had been damaged, it was said.

The engines of the Vaterland, largest of the German ships, and the Pennsylvania had not been damaged, it was stated.

Armed guards of the neutrality squad continued to patrol the piers tonight but no attempt was made to board the vessel.

NO NAVAL CONVOY FOR THE ST. LOUIS

(Special to The Herald)

Washington, Feb. 7—The state department announced today that the American liner St. Louis, waiting to sail for Europe will not be given a naval convoy.

BRAZIL MAKES STRONG PROTEST

Objects to the German Submarine Warfare.

Rio Janiero, Feb. 7—Brazil's note to Germany on the submarine situation is a strong protest it was learned today. The document states that if effective, the submarine blockade would close all the seas, a situation which would not be tolerated. The note has already gone forward and the Brazilian minister in Berlin is instructed to present it today.

May Be Called to Other Yards

It is reported that workmen from the local yard may be called upon to go to other yards to help on the rush work of new vessels under construction, especially the New Mexico at Brooklyn.

Read the Want Ads.

NAVY HAS MADE BUT LITTLE HEADWAY

Plans Made But Little Construction Has Been Done Since Great War Started.

Facing this grave crisis with the Teutonic Powers, the people of the United States find themselves today with scarcely more military and naval force than before the great war started.

There has been much talk of preparedness but little has been done.

Large sums have been appropriated by congress but the results of their expenditures remain to be seen.

Of the two—the army and the navy—the latter is by far the more formidable when compared with the armed forces of the other great powers.

According to the latest records, the American navy totals 1,097,502 tons displacement taking into account both ships built and building.

This tonnage compares with the following for the great powers on the first of July, 1914, or almost three years ago:

Great Britain, 2,713,766; Germany, 1,304,040; France, 399,915; Japan, 699,916; Russia, 701,253; Italy, 497,815 and Austria-Hungary, 372,008.

In the period since then, these great powers, all at war, have increased their navies by giant strides. They naturally have kept their naval developments secret, but it is known for instance, that in the first two years of the war Great Britain launched a new navy fully equal in size the whole of the United States sea fighting forces.

Exactly how the American navy compares with others today is impossible for most experts to say. Perhaps a few secret service men in the employ of the big fighting governments know, but if they do they are keeping this valuable information for their own nations' purposes.

The numbers of officers and men in the United States navy on July 1, 1916, was 58,039. This compared with pre-war strengths on July 1, 1914, of 160,609 officers and men for Great Britain; Germany, 79,197; France, 63,846; Japan, 55,738; Russia, 52,643; Italy, 39,913, and Austria-Hungary, 19,631.

It has been stated in newspaper dispatches that the officers and men in the British navy now number 350,000 and that a round million workers are constantly employed in Great Britain building new ships of war and in repairing old ones. Less is known about Germany's naval strength as developed under the stress of war, but she is supposed to have between 500 and 800 new submarines in commission.

In a nutshell, the naval forces of the United States today (built or actually building) are shown by the following table:

Type.	Number.	Tons
Battleships (dreadnought type	17	467,450
Battleships (pre-dreadnoughts	25	340,146
Small battleships and monitors	4	12,900
Battle cruisers	None	—
Aromred cruisers	10	140,080
Cruisers	15	75,625
Destroyers	74	60,219
Torpedo boats	6	1,082
Submarines	75	—
Total	226	1,097,502

Pre-dreadnoughts have main batteries of more than one size of big guns and would be of little use in a great naval battle where dreadnoughts battleships have main batteries of (all big guns) were engaged.

Besides the ships included in the above table, there is a large number of transports, colliers, repair ships, torpedo depot ships and other auxiliary vessels.

There are vast hordes of private motor boats and yachts in the United States which would promptly be taken over by the government in case of war. No country in the world approaches the United States in the number of such craft.

The government has arrangements with many private shipping firms to take over larger vessels at agreed prices in time of need.

Naval Militia

To reinforce the militia there is today no regular reserve, although one is contemplated. Former navy men would be urged to re-enlist, retired officers would be called back to the quarterdeck, and the naval militia would be utilized as far as found available.

This force is now organized in 22 states, the District of Columbia and the territory of Hawaii and has a total enlistment of 8,517 men. New York has the largest number of naval militiamen—1,491; and other leading states in this respect are California, 837; Illinois, 561; Massachusetts, 744; Michigan, 496; Minnesota, 439, and New Jersey, 442.

The naval militia is partly under state and partly under federal jurisdiction. The officer of the navy department having charge of naval militia matters is Captain T. P. Magruder.

The New Navy

Great plans for naval expansion were included in the naval act approved August 29 of last year. These had just begun to be carried out when Germany a few days ago sent her declaration that she repudiated all her submarine pledges to the U. S. In addition the present congress now has under consideration a bill which would expand last year's programme slightly.

The act of last year authorizes the President who is titular commander-in-chief of both the army and the navy to start construction before July 1, 1919, on 157 vessels of various types.

The following table shows the programme in detail. Secretary of the Navy Daniels finds he cannot build some of the vessels for the sum estimated or appropriated on account of the increased cost of labor and materials and he has requests before congress to increase the amounts he may spend:

	Number Actually Appropriated No.	For.	Total Estimated Cost
Battleship	10	4	$187,134,210
Battle cruiser	6	4	131,601,186
Scout cruiser	10	4	60,719,000
Destroyer	50	20	76,266,700
Fleet submarine	5	—	16,169,707
Coast submarine:			
800-ton type	3	3	3,918,900
Smaller type	55	27	44,346,610
Neff submarine	1	1	*250,000
Fuel ship	3	1	4,794,816
Ammunition ship	2	1	4,929,300
Hospital ship	1	1	2,360,000
Repair ship	1	—	2,714,860
Transport	1	—	2,663,299
Destroyer tender	2	—	4,395,881
Submarine tender	1	—	1,835,623
Gunboat	1	—	1,827,222
Totals	167	67	x$544,06,113

*Appropriated.
xBesides Neff submarine.

The act further appropriated $19,455,500 for ammunition for the vessels. The total cost of ammunition for the vessels listed was estimated at $42,834,775.

The total appropriation bill now before congress would not change the above table materially, beyond a slight addition to cost. In the event of the United States becoming fully involved in war United States navy men believe congress would immediately decide upon a much larger program of naval construction than any yet contemplated.

The total of all vessels of the U. S. navy (in service, under construction and authorized) is 652. They are divided as follows: Battleships, first line, 26; battleships, second line, 26; battle cruisers, 6; armored cruisers, 10; cruisers, first class, 5; cruisers, second class, 4; cruisers, third class, 10; cruisers, first class, 6; cruisers, second class, 4; cruisers, third class, 16; monitors, 7; destroyers, 121; torpedo boats, 18; submarines, 143; tenders to torpedo vessels, 8; slight addition to cost. In the event of gunboats, 30; transports, 6; supply ships, 5; hospital ships, 2; fuel ships, 26; converted yachts, 14; tugs, 50; special type, 6; unserviceable for war purposes, 21.

Navy Yards

The United States has ten navy yards, located at Brooklyn, N. Y.; Boston, Mass.; Norfolk, Va.; Portsmouth, N. H.; Philadelphia, Pa.; San Francisco, Cal.; Washington, D. C.; Bremerton, Wash.; Charleston, S. C.; and New Orleans, La.

Ther is also a naval station at Key West, Fla.; a torpedo and training station at Newport, R. I.; a training station at North Chicago, Ill.; an aeronautic station at Pensacola, Fla., and the Naval War College at Newport, R. I. Other naval stations are at Tutuila, Samoa; Guam, Guantanamo, Cuba; Honolulu, Hawaiian Island; Cavite and Olongapo, Philippines.

POWER COMPANY WINS.

Concord, Feb. 7.—The question of the amount of authorized capitalization of the Grafton County Electric Light and Power Company, which has been pending before the courts or the State public service commission since 1912, was sent back by the State supreme court yesterday to the public service commission "for further proceedings as justice may require in accordance with the finding and ruling" of the court.

The court finds that the value of the company's property on Nov. 1, 1912, was $245,000, instead of $165,000, the amount set by the public service commission, and orders that capitalization be permitted of this $245,000 plus the new expenditures upon the property, $73,672.42, the amount required for working capital, $15,000 and the organization expense. The amount of capital which the company asked to be allowed to issue was $300,000.

Poultry Men, Notice, Wanted

WANTED—Second-hand coal burning chick breeder. Address Grover C. Lord, Box 14, So. Berwick, Me. hf3,1w

If you get The Herald you get the news.

FIRED ON AMERICAN FREIGHTER

German Submarine Threatened to Sink Her If Not Given Oil.

London, Feb. 6—Five shots were fired by the German submarine U-45 at the American steamship Westwego on January 31, it was announced officially here today. None of the shots took effect. The announcement follows:

"The master of the U. S. steamer Westwego reports that on the 31st of January, when 50 miles west of Fastnet, his ship was fired at from astern by the German submarine U-45. Five shots were fired, none of which, however, took effect. The master accordingly stopped and sent a boat with his papers.

"The German submarine commander then demanded oil from the Westwego, his demands being accompanied by threats to sink the ship if he was refused.

"The claim to take the interests of neutrals into consideration, put forward in the German wireless message of Feb. 5, is not strengthened by the report from the master of a neutral ship."

The Westwego, a tanker sailed from Philadelphia January 17 for Barrow.

Philadelphia, Feb. 6—The steamer Westwego fired at by a German U-boat, cleared from here with 1,580,000 gallons of gasoline and 548,000 gallons of petroleum, shipped by the Atlantic Refining Company, a Standard Oil Company subsidiary. The Westwego was formerly the Rumanian steamer Steaua Romana.

The captain of the Westwego is J. S. Mulcoy, and her crew, all told, numbers 35. Of these, 14 are American citizens, two Englishmen, two Norwegians, three Swedes, four Danes six Spaniards, two Russians.

"I Will Be Speaker Again"

CHAMP CLARK

In opening his campaign for the speakership of the House of Representatives Champ Clark told the Women's Democratic League in Washington, "I will be speaker of the next House." Democratic and Republican forces are very evenly divided in numbers in the House, but there is a split among the Republicans. Both Representatives Mann of Illinois and Lenroot of Wisconsin may be in the fight for the Republican caucus nomination.

NAVY YARD NOTES

Named for Promotion

A long list of promotions in the navy and marine corps following personnel changes authorized by congress last year, was sent to the senate on Tuesday by President Wilson. It included seven commanders to be made captains of the navy; 10 lieutenant-colonels to be made colonels of the marine corps, and numerous officers of the lower grades, to be advanced to the next higher rank.

The new captains are William W. Phelps, John H. Drayton, William A. Moffett, Montgomery M. Taylor, Henry J. Zeigemeier, Lucius A. Gostwick and Arthur L. Willard.

The marine corps colonels follows: Henry C. Haines, Ben H. Fuller, Dion Williams, Albertus W. Catlin, Rufus S. Lane, Charles G. Long, Laurence H. Moses, John T. Meyers, Wendell C Neville and Albert S. McLemore.

Guards Sent From Here

A detachment of eight marines has been sent from the local yard to Cape Elizabeth where they will do guard duty over the wireless station owned by the government.

Fourteen More Called

Ten general helpers and four laborers were called by the board of labor on Tuesday.

Ready for Active Service

A large working detail from the Maine Naval Militia today began packing up all the equipment of the corps needed on active service, orders having been received to have everything ready for transportation at a moment's notice.

Supply Crew Working Nights

A number of employes of the yard supply department are doing extra night duty in the general store handling the incoming and outgoing shipments of freight.

Ten-Hour Basis

Beginning on Tuesday the yard employes in the blacksmith and machine shops of the Industrial Department will work on a ten-hour per day basis.

"People you know"

Attorney Harry Peyser was in Exeter today.

Dr. F. S. Towle was in Boston today on business.

Mayor S. T. Dadi is still confined to his home on State street.

Attorney John H. Scammon of Exeter was here today on business.

Misses Mary McInnis and Anna Dowd are passing a few days in Boston.

J. E. Pickering and daughter, Eleanor, passed Wednesday in Marblehead, Mass.

Judge William H. Sawyer of Concord was here today and heard legal motions on civil cases.

Mrs. Belle Beaudette Fernald of Berlin, N. H., is passing a few days in this city where she formerly resided.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Bass will leave in about ten days for Tulsa, Okla., where they will reside in the future.

Mr. and Mrs. A. O. Shaw and daughter, who are touring the South, were in Washington the last of last week.

Miss Martha S Kimball is in Concord today, where she appeared before the committee on the matter of equal suffrage.

Captain Wallace Smith and Thomas Noyes of the Granite State Fire Insurance Company are in Manchester looking over the building of the New Hampshire Insurance Co.

Assistant Engineer J. M. Varrel of the board of engineers, is confined to his home on Cass street as a result of an accident at the fire Monday morning at the plant of the Rockingham Light and Power Co.

Mr. Edmund C. Tarbell, who is passing the winter in Washington, was here on Tuesday. Mr. Tarbell is finishing a portrait of Ex-Gov. Rolland Spaulding, and later will also paint the portrait of Ex-Gov. Bass for the New Hampshire state house.

RAILROAD NOTES

A railroad man's pass not only entitles him to ride but he can walk on the tracks with the card in his possession.

The Portsmouth Electric Railway has sent some of its summer cars to the Boston & Maine shops in Concord for overhauling and painting.

Michael Lynch, many years a yard master for the Boston & Maine at Haverhill, was found dead at his home on Tuesday.

10,000 CUBANS WOULD COME TO AID U. S.

By her treaty with the United States the Republic of Cuba is bound, when requested to do so by the Washington government to send at least 10,000 troops for the defense of the U. S. Leading Cubans say that this figure does not even approximately represent the effort the rich little island would put forth to aid the nation which gave Cuba her independence. Every Cuban resource would be fully at Uncle Sam's command, they say.

Anita Stewart will be seen at the Colonial, Friday and Saturday.

RABBITS

AT

WALDEN'S

MARKET

APPOINTED SUPERIOR COURT JUDGE

John E. Allen of Keene the Choice of Governor and Council.

Concord, Feb. 7.—Governor Keyes yesterday afternoon nominated John E. Allen of Keene as Justice of the superior court to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Chief Justice Robert G. Pike of Dover. The appointment under the constitution must lie over for three days, but there is little doubt that it will be confirmed by the council, when it comes up.

George H. Whitcher of Berlin was reappointed trustee of state normal schools.

The governor and council has been giving the matter of the judgeship appointment careful consideration since the death of Chief Justice Pike and they have canvassed the lawyers of the state with great care. Several likely candidates have been eliminated because they were disinclined to assume the arduous duties of the court, particularly the personal inconvenience of living a good part of the year away from home.

Mr. Allen has been one of the men considered from the first, and finally was prevailed upon to forego personal considerations and it is understood he will accept the appointment. At present he is a law partner of Philip H. Faulkner of Keene, the chairman of the Republican state committee.

John Eliot Allen was born in Claremont, June 26, 1873, the son of William H. and Ellen E. (Joslin) Allen. He graduated from Dartmouth college in 1891 and from the Harvard Law School in 1893. He was admitted to the New Hampshire bar in 1897.

July 10, 1901, he was married at Keene to Amy L. Abbott. He has been engaged in law practice in Keene since 1905. He was judge of probate court in Belknap county from 1899 to 1906. He has always been a prominent Republican.

CONGRESS BACKING UP PRESIDENT

To Place $150,000,000 at His Disposal in Case of War.

Washington, Feb. 6—With the approval of the administration, chairman Padgett of the naval affairs committee offered in the house today amendments to the naval appropriation bill to empower the President to commandeer shipbuilding yards and munition factories in time of war or national emergency to appropriate $150,000,000 for speedy construction of ships needed by the navy and appropriate $1,300,000 for the acquisition by the government of the basic patents of an airplane suitable for war purposes.

The $150,000,000 emergency appropriation is to be expended at the discretion of the President and 3 per cent bonds, maturing within five years are to be issued to cover this amount.

Chairman Padgett did not ask for a vote on these far-reaching amendments today. As soon as introduced for the information of members, the amendments were rushed to the government printing office for publication.

The principal amendment proposes not only the commandeering of shipyards, but authorizes the President, in the event actual war should come, to draft all employees of such shipbuilding plants and munitions factories into the naval service of the United States. It is made a crime to incite a strike among employes engaged on government work on such conditions and all laws relating to the hours of labor, such as an eight-hour day are expressly waived.

Not since the outbreak of the Spanish-American war when congress placed a lump sum appropriation of $50,000,000 in the hands of President McKinley has so sweeping a preparedness legislation been proposed in either branch of congress.

In addition to these precautionary amendments, which have full administration support and probably will be approved, the house added approximately $15,000,000 today to the total of the naval appropriation bill. Other emergency additions are to follow as the bill is read. When reported the naval budget appropriated $351,000,000.

Chairman Padgett gave notice who would offer later an amendment making all funds carried in the naval bill "immediately available in the discretion of the President."

The temperof the house was such that only sporadic opposition was offered to any of the preparedness provisions sponsored by the naval affairs committee today.

Additions to the already large total of the bill were as follows:

For machine guns, a new provision, $1,250,000.

Anti-aircraft guns for battleships, increased from $311,000 to $629,000.

For batteries to arm merchant auxiliaries increased from $4,367,174 to $5,781,174.

Ammunition for auxiliary merchant vessels increased from $1,500,000 to $7,281,911. (The largest increase in the bill as reported.)

Ordnance stores, increased from $7,602,185 to $8,483,333.

Aircraft defences of naval stations, increased from $1,000,000 to $3,800,000.

Ammunition for ships increased from $1,500,000 to $3,500,000.

Purchase and manufacture of torpedoes, increased from $800,000 to $1,049,280.

Maintenance and supplies, naval gun factory, increased from $2,120,736 to $2,500,736.

Increase in limit of cost of building and purchase of ground adjoining marine barracks, Philadelphia, $200,000.

The amendment for the commandeering of ship-building establishments and munitions factories, in addition to the authority for the draft into the naval service of all officers, agents and employes of such private establishments contains a penal clause providing that any person resisting such process on the part of the United States shall be subject to fine and imprisonment.

It is proposed that the government shall take over the facilities and forces of such plants, without actually acquiring permanent possession of the property. A fair rental or compensation for damages is allowed.

Read the Want Ads

COLONIAL

Daily at 2.15 and 7.15—10c and 20c; Few at Night Reserved, 30c.

THAT LOST ARTICLE!
Your Mind Would Be Relieved If You Knew Its Whereabouts. Ask

FRESCOTT

Master Mind of Mental Mysticism, and His Co-Worker, Miss Hope Eden.

BASEBALL FOUR. WELL DE VEAUX.

Motion Pictures of Admiral Dewey's Funeral. Last Time Tonight.

First Showing Tonight of the Photoplay
"GOD'S HALF ACRE"
Featuring Mabel Taliaferro.

Tomorrow Afternoon—SEALED LETTER DAY. For the benefit of skeptics, write your questions at home, seal in envelope, bring to theatre and Frescott will answer your question. He does not touch the envelope.

Friday Afternoon—LADIES' RECEPTION ON STAGE. You may consult in private. A wonderful opportunity.

MAINE WANTS MORE SOLDIERS

Adj.-Gen. Urges That Men Enlist in the National Guard.

Augusta, Me., Feb. 6—Adjutant-General George McL. Presson, tonight issued the following statement to company commanders:

"Although no call has yet been made for the national guard, yet it is possible that such may come within a short time and it is incumbent upon every loyal citizen of this state between the ages of 18 and 45 years to consider his duty to his state and nation.

"The best way to join the state and United States is to join the national guard now and be trained in order that your service may be of an actual and tangible use whenever the call to arms comes. This point should be made very plain to the people of your locality and you are urged to secure every posible effort to secure enlistments and bring your command up to the national guard war strength requirements."

EXAMINATION CANCELLED

By direction of the civil service commission, announcement No. 276, of an examination to be held February 27, 1917 for the position of deputy collector and inspector, qualified in French, is hereby canceled and all announcements should be removed from the bulletin boards.

Ralph B. Hill, Local Secretary.

FEBRUARY

Clearance Sale of Winter Stock

At Less Than Wholesale Cost.

Suits, Coats, Furs, Dresses, Fur Coats, Rain Coats, Bath Robes and Trimmed Millinery

All go in this sale. Come at once while the picking is good.

The Siegel Store Co.,

Phone 520. 57 Market Street

THE STORE OF QUALITY FOR THE PEOPLE.

Tailored Clothes

Blue Serge

For the month of February we are going to give our "old" and "new" customers a chance to buy blue serges at practically the old prices. We have only a limited amount of goods and would advise early buying.

WOOD THE TAILOR

Maker of Men's Clothes.

THE STATE IS PLEDGED IN CASE OF HOSTILITIES

Resolution Passed by the House of Representatives in Session on Tuesday Endorses President Wilson

Concord, Feb. 6.—The house convened at 11 o'clock this forenoon with a good attendance. After brief routine business Couch of Concord offered the following resolution:

"Whereas, the German government has notified the government of the United States that it is the purpose of Germany to sink without warning all merchant ships found within certain prescribed zones, regardless of the rights of neutrals to the freedom of the seas and regardless of all humanitarian considerations, and

"Whereas the president of the United States, on April 18, 1916, notified the German government that unless that government immediately abandoned its frightful and inhuman methods of submarine warfare, as applied to neutrals, the government of the United States can have no choice but to sever diplomatic relations with the German empire; and

"Whereas, the president of the United States, in accordance with this warning to the German government and the subsequent declaration of that government that it would no longer regard the rights of neutrals and the dictates of humanity in conducting its submarine warfare, has broken off diplomatic relations with Germany; therefore

"Resolved, by the house of representatives, the senate concurring, that we approve the action taken by the president of the United States and that we pledge to him the united support of the people of this state in all his efforts to maintain and defend the dignity, integrity and rights of this country;

"Resolved, that copies of these resolutions be forwarded to the president of the United States and to our senators and representatives in congress."

In support of the above resolution Representative Couch made a very strong, patriotic speech in which he asked for its unanimous adoption. Eloquent remarks followed from Brennan of Peterborough, Crawford of Manchester, Clough of Allon, Hoyt and Emerson of Hanover and Wood of Portsmouth.

The resolution was unanimously adopted by a rising vote followed by tumultous applause.

Woman Suffrage Before Senate

The subject of woman suffrage came before the senate today in two reports from the committee on revision of laws. A majority report signed by Senators Perley, Daly and Collins recommended the passage of the Collins bill, which grants the right of suffrage to women in certain cases. A minority treaty, signed by Senator Shea of Manchester, recommended that it was inexpedient to legislate.

Senator Morrison who was reported to be in favor of submitting the entire subject to the women of the state in order to obtain their sentiments as to whether or not a majority was in favor of having suffrage granted to their sex, failed to put in such a report, this leaving the question of suffrage extension or non-extension squarely before the senate.

As soon as the reports were read Senator Shea moved that the minority report be substituted for that of the majority and that the question be made a special order for consideration at 11.00 a. m. tomorrow. This motion was adopted.

A special joint resolution granting authority to the governor to employ an expert for the purpose of making an inspection of all acts and resolutions passed by the legislature came from the senate committee on judiciary with the recommendation that it ought to pass.

Senator Page of Portsmouth stoutly opposed the bill in its present form. He said he was not prepared to vote himself a jackass, or the other members of the senate as jackasses, which he believed to be the sense of this bill.

"Who shall say," he said, "as to what the intention of my brother senators, or what my intention may be when I present a bill to the senate, are we not as well qualified as any expert to determine this matter? This work belongs to the office of the attorney general and either he or his assistant should do it. It is a part of their duties. For twenty years the predecessor of the present attorney general performed the duties of his office and at the same time conducted a lucrative private practice and had time for both. I do not think the office at the present time is so overrun with work that it cannot attend to this matter. I can't vote that any expert should say what I mean when I prepare a bill. I am not writing myself down as a first class jackass."

Senator Martin of Concord said that he endorsed the objections of the senator from Portsmouth and moved that the joint resolution be recommitted to the judiciary committee for the purpose of amendment.

Senator Theriault of Nashua, chairman of the committee, stated that this resolution originated with the committee on rules in the house of representatives, and he presumed it was what the committee wanted. As he understood the resolution it merely provides for a trained expert to look over the bills passed by the legislature and see that the punctuation is correct, also the spelling and that they are grammatically right. In times past the governor at his own expense has employed a person to do this work and he did not think it right that he should do so. He believed that the resolution should pass.

Senator Martin said: "I am not in favor of the bill as it stands it has been said that the attorney general is too busy to attend to this work, but at the time that we were considering this bill he was engaged in the trial of a private case. If I should vote for this bill it would be to write myself down as incompetent."

Senator Daley of Berlin said: "That the terms of the resolution were unfortunate and he believed they should be changed. He said that he did not believe in voting authority to anyone to say what our intentions were."

Senator Roberts of Laconia believed that the bill should pass and called attention to an error in a bill which passed the house and came before the senate where it was ready for final passage and the rules had to be suspended and the bill recommitted in order that the error might be corrected. He referred to the bill authorizing payment of the salary of the late Patrick McGreevy of ward 5, Manchester, to his widow. He said that it was to avoid such errors that the resolution should pass.

Senator Theriault of Nashua said "that in as much as there was so much opposition he would withdraw objection and be willing that the bill should be recommitted to committee in order that its wording might be changed but he was desirous that the matter be disposed of quickly as bills were being passed daily and forwarded to the governor for his signature.

The senate then voted to recommit the resolution to the committee.

In the House.

When the joint resolution, introduced by Rep. Couch of Concord in the house, a resolution pertaining to national affairs, reached the senate it received unanimous endorsement, on a rollcall. The president of the senate adding his vote of approval by having his name called with that of the others. It was found that there were five senators absent and in order to give them an opportunity to vote and go upon record it was voted that they be given this opportunity whenever they should appear.

The rules of the senate were suspended in order for the introduction of three new bills. Two of these were offered by Senator Theriault of Nashua, one of which is aimed to prevent discrimination at places of public accommodation, the other bill was to provide for absent voting by residents of the state when away from New Hampshire and not able because of their absence to participate in biennial elections.

Senator Daley of Berlin introduced a bill giving authority to his city to establish a system of parks, playgrounds and parkways.

A large number of bills which had been passed by the house were received by the senate, and referred to appropriate committees. The morning session of the senate was prolonged until nearly 1 p. m.

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HEADACHE FROM A COLD? LISTEN!

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Your cold will break and all grippe misery end after taking a dose of "Pape's Cold Compound" every two hours until three doses are taken.

It promptly opens clogged-up nostrils and air passages in the head, stops nasty discharge or nose running, relieves sick headache, dullness, feverishness, sore throat, sneezing, soreness and stiffness.

Don't stay stuffed-up! Quit blowing and snuffling! Ease your throbbing head—nothing else in the world gives such prompt relief as "Pape's Cold Compound," which costs only 25 cents at any drug store. It acts without assistance, tastes nice, and causes no inconvenience. Accept no substitute.

SOUTH ELIOT

The Ladies' Sewing Circle connected with the South Eliot Advent Christian church will meet at the home of Miss Abbie Brown Thursday afternoon.

With the snow on the ground it seems that the local horsemen have no excuse for putting off their races.

OFFICIAL NOTICE OF AMERICANS' RELEASE

AMBASSADOR GERARD HAS SENT MESSAGE THAT GERMANY IS TREATING AS WARSHIPS ALL ARMED VESSELS.

Washington, Feb. 6.—Official notice of the release by Germany of the 64 Americans held prisoners in Germany for having taken pay on board British armed merchantmen captured by the German sea raider, was received at the State Department today in a delayed dispatch from Ambassador Gerard.

The prisoners were released, Germany claims, because at the time of their enlistment they did not know Germany had planned to treat all armed ships as war vessels. This seems to indicate to officials here that Germany decided to treat such vessels as warships as far back as when the men taken into port by the Yarrowdale took out their service papers, in some cases several months ago.

No details were given in the dispatch as to the method of release of the prisoners.

One of the last American acts before the severance of relations with Germany was the demand for immediate release of these prisoners and a most energetic protest against their original detention. Ambassador Gerard's dispatch today announcing their release, appears to have been sent before he had requested his passports.

SAGE TEA TURNS GRAY HAIR DARK

IT'S GRANDMOTHER'S RECIPE TO BRING BACK COLOR AND LUSTRE TO HAIR

That beautiful, even shade of dark, glossy hair can only be had by brewing a mixture of Sage Tea and Sulphur. Your hair is your charm. It makes or mars the face. When it fades, turns gray or streaked, just an application or two of Sage and Sulphur enhances its appearance a hundredfold.

Don't bother to prepare the mixture; you can get this famous old recipe improved by the addition of other ingredients for 50 cents a large bottle, all ready for use. It is called Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound. This can always be depended upon to bring back the natural color and lustre of your hair.

Everybody uses "Wyeth's" Sage and Sulphur Compound now because it darkens so naturally and evenly that nobody can tell it has been applied. You simply dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through the hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning the gray hair has disappeared, and after another application it becomes beautifully dark and appears glossy and lustrous. This ready-to-use preparation is a delightful toilet requisite for those who desire dark hair and a youthful appearance. It is not intended for the cure, mitigation or prevention of disease.

WITH THE SPORTS

Tex Rickard is the sort of a man who can see his way over obstacles. He has proven to the satisfaction of the fistic public that he has business ability and that when it comes to the promoting game he bats around .300 all the while.

So it was not surprising when Tex lost Madison Square Garden, which he had hoped for months to lease, that he cocked up a new plan to uphold his place in the spotlight as a promoter of things fistic.

Tex announced recently that he may build a large stadium and sporting club in New York. He has his eye on a site alongside Riverside Drive which is now occupied by buildings belonging to gas company and he says that if his plans work out as he hopes, a syndicate, of which he will be the head, will erect the largest spirting club in the world.

With the warmer months, coming soon, Rickard is not making haste with his plans for the building of a big sporting club. He has his eye on the calendar and along in May or June he hopes to stage several shows in the open air. He will rent one of the major league ball parks for his shows and he says that he will offer only the best attractions to the public.

Les Darcy may become an American citizen. Likewise his pal and manager Timothy O'Sullivan, plans to take out papers which will secure for him the protection enjoyed by all Americans.

Darcy and O'Sullivan have been greatly impressed with this country so far as they have seen it. They say that the customs of the people here, not to mention the advantages the United States has over their native land in many ways, have won them over to the idea of becoming naturalized.

Darcy, it is said, plans to bring his parents and his brothers and sisters to this country if he takes out citizenship papers. And Mist' Darcy intends also to bring a spouse from Australia and settle down as an 18 karat benedict in one of the smaller cities where the noise and hub bub of the metropolis will not always be ringing in his ears.

Wielding the pruning knife on the salaries appears to have been the best little winter sport that Charley Ebbets of the Dodgers has indulged in since the world's series ended.

And now Mrs. Ebbets finds himself so to speak, between his Satanic Majesty and the proverbial "deep blue."

When Ebbets sent contracts to his National league champions, there were large slices hewn from the salaries that were paid during the year 1916. With a few exceptions the Dodgers were cut from $1,000 upward. And the Dodgers promptly began to kick like Missouri mules.

The first day of February arrived to find Ebbets with eleven holdouts on his hands. But Charlie remained firm. He announced that the cuts he had made would stick and that the Dodgers could take them or leave them.

While it isn't likely that many of the players of the Brooklyn team will go to the extent of throwing down their berths because of salary cuts, it is certain that those who do accept cuts in salary will go into the season of 1917 feeling sore against Ebbets and the result will be a listless interest in their playing next summer.

FIRST REGIMENT HOME TOMORROW

Plans Completed for Holding It in Manchester for a Time at Least.

Unless there are unexpected orders to the contrary, the returning First New Hampshire infantry will arrive within the confines of the Granite State on Thursday. Eleven units will be quartered in Manchester, for the present at least. The Concord and Nashua companies will be detrained at their home stations.

The regiment reached Chicago yesterday morning. At 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon it was at Paine, O. Last night it was trundling along toward Buffalo, N. Y. The route carried the troops over the Nickel Plate line, and from Buffalo they will proceed by way of the West Shore railroad at Rotterdam Junction, where they will be transferred to the Boston & Maine system for their last lap on the homeward journey from the Mexican border.

The practical certainty of the return of the troops to New Hampshire became known last night when contracts for the construction of 11 temporary kitchens at the Manchester armory were let by the state, being awarded to the J. H. Mendell company of Manchester. The work will begin today, and a big kitchen 135 feet long with space to accommodate the field kitchens of each unit will be erected on the westerly side of the armory on Pleasant street.

The units to be quartered in Manchester are the four Manchester companies, A, B, F and K; Companies G and H of Keene, and Companies L of Berlin and M of Newport, together with the Machine Gun company of Franklin, the headquarters company and band, supply company, mounted orderlies section and a detachment of the sanitary troops.

With the return of the infantrymen, the police guard at the armory will be relinquished, and the work of guarding the state property will devolve upon the soldiers. Meantime, to further safeguard communications and acting in accordance with instructions from the district chief, Manager Charles A. Weston applied to Chief Healy yesterday for a police guard over the Manchester central telephone exchange on Concord street. Police officers will guard the Manchester exchange to prevent any interference with communications. Armed guards have also been placed over telephone exchanges in the larger cities in the state, including those at Nashua and Concord. The public has been excluded from admission to the offices of the telephone companies until further notice, and employes will be required to identify themselves before being allowed to enter the buildings.

In th event of war, telephone communications would be of the utmost importance, and every precaution to keep the lines of the company intact will be taken.

TO THE WIFE OF ONE WHO DRINKS

We have an important confidential message for you. It will come in a plain envelope. How to conquer the liquor habit in 3 days and make home happy. Wonderful, safe, lasting, reliable. Guaranteed. Write to the Manchester Neal Institute, 982 Hanover street, Manchester, N. H. Show this to others.

The day of harsh physics is gone. People want mild, easy laxatives. Doan's Regulets have satisfied thousands. 25c at al drug stores.

MEAT CAUSE OF KIDNEY TROUBLE

TAKE SALTS TO FLUSH KIDNEYS IF BACK HURTS OR BLADDER BOTHERS.

If you must have your meat every day, eat it, but flush your kidneys with salts occasionally, says a noted authority who tells us that meat forms uric acid which almost paralyzes the kidneys in their efforts to expel it from the blood. They become sluggish and weaken, then you suffer with a dull misery in the kidney region, sharp pains in the back or sick headache, dizziness, your stomach sours, tongue is coated and when the weather is bad you have rheumatic twinges. The urine gets cloudy, full of sediment, the channels often get sore and irritated, obliging you to seek relief two or three times during the night.

To neutralize these irritating acids to cleanse the kidneys and flush off the body's urinous waste get four ounces of Jad Salts from any pharmacy here; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush and stimulate sluggish kidneys, also to neutralize the acids in urine, so it no longer irritates, thus ending bladder weakness.

Jad Salts is inexpensive, cannot injure, and makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink.

EVERYTHING THAT GROWS

People desiring seed potatoes for spring planting should order at once while they are obtainable. Raised and developed by The Geo. K. Higbie Co. of New York, the largest seed producers in the world. Put up in 5, 10, 15 and 30 lb. lots for small plots and home gardens. Also all kinds of nursery stock. Sold by M. M. Hoyt, Portsmouth, N. H., R. F. D. No. 1. Tel. 298-2.

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is equipped with modern machinery and competent help. Therefore we are able to give you good work and at a less cost than it would be to have it done in your home. Send us your washing and let us prove these claims. If not satisfactory tell us.

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TO YOUR HEALTH

and to your everlasting satisfaction. We toast you in the name of vintage wines and liquors. Our cellars contain the choice goodies that are aged with a view to the smack and ting of perfection. Look over our wine and liquor lists. The prices will be equally satisfactory.

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Invite pneumonia these cold winter days. Just call 452W and have us call for your soiled linen and have it thoroughly cleansed without mixing with other washes. Our modern Wet Wash System is always a dependable service.

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putting off buying new shoes especially when you remember how they hurt while you're "breaking them in."

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even though they look disreputable now, can be fixed up here to look and wear almost like new. We do all kinds of expert shoe repairing at low prices. Reliable work at lowest prices.

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Advance in price is an assurance to the smoker that the uniform high standard of this famous 10c Cigar will be maintained.

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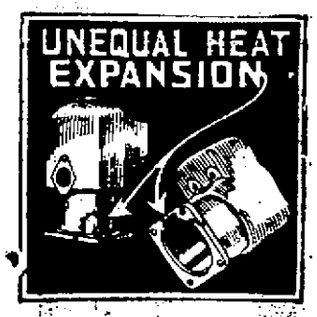

If your engine's cylinders have broken like the above—or if they have cracked in any other manner—don't order new cylinders but have us weld the broken parts together by our oxygen-acetylene process. We'll make the cylinders equal to new at a fraction of the cost of new parts. We weld all kinds of auto parts, castings, etc., in iron, steel, bronze, aluminum, etc. See us first—always.

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200 Market St., Portsmouth

HORSE SHOEING AND JOBBING.

Now is an opportune time to place your order for a monument or tablet that you contemplate having erected before Memorial Day. Remember we have the only plant in this section, equipped for the manufacture of granite. We keep a large stock of monuments and tablets on hand for your inspection and we are prepared to make monuments from any special design if you so desire.

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DESERTED WIFE TO RECEIVE $200 IS COURT ORDER

AUSTIN BROWN OF KITTERY POINT MUST PAY WEEKLY SUM TO WIFE OR SERVE JAIL SENTENCE.

Austin W. Brown, formerly of Kittery Point, was served a stiff sentence in the municipal court at Kittery on Tuesday evening by Judge Justin H. Shaw, and failure to comply with the terms of the court will be obliged to serve one year in the York County jail at Alfred, Me. The court fined Brown $200 and costs of $27.76; ordered him to pay $6.00 a week to his wife for the period of one year for her support, and to furnish two sureties of $500 each that he will keep within the law and pay this weekly sum. In default of these orders Brown will be sent to jail for one year and will forfeit his bonds. By the order of the court Mrs. Brown will receive the $200 fine when paid. Brown was returned to the town lock-up for the night after the session of court where he will remain until he has had an opportunity of getting in touch with relatives and a bondsman.

Brown, who is a barber by trade, and was formerly employed in this city, was arrested in Boston on Sunday for the Kittery authorities, on a charge of deserting his wife. He was in company of a young woman. He was returned to Kittery Monday afternoon in custody of Deputy Sheriff James A. Boardman and was arraigned in the Kittery municipal court before Judge Shaw in the evening.

Brown pleaded guilty to a charge of non-support of his wife, Mrs. Edna S. Brown. Brown was without counsel, and owing to the severe storm it was impossible for Mrs. Brown to be present. The case was continued until Tuesday evening for sentence. Brown was delivered over to Deputy Sheriff Boardman by the Boston Court on condition that prosecution be brought in the Kittery Court. Both Brown and the young woman were in the Boston court on charges made there and each given a year in the reformatory, the girl being put on probation for that time, to report regularly, and with the understanding that Brown would be brought into the court here to answer to the complaint of his wife. He was held at the Kittery lockup in default of bail fixed at $800.

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NEW HAMPSHIRE FIRE INSURANCE CO.

TOTAL LIABILITIES EXCEPT CAPITAL $3,150,884.79

POLICYHOLDERS' SURPLUS — $3,356,944.79

Do You Throw Your Money Away?

If you do not, save it by bringing your old clothes to us to be renewed and repaired. We can many times give you an extra year's wear out of a suit you consider hopeless. Our cleaning department is as near perfection as scientific knowledge and modern equipment can make it. In our dyeing department we make a specialty of turning out work at two days' notice.

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BRIGHTER EVENINGS FOR Your Family

Real eye comfort, the right kind you've always wanted, will be yours the instant your home is equipped with gas.

The New Gas Fixtures are most attractive. Ask us about our free piping proposition.

PORTSMOUTH GAS CO.,

ALWAYS AT YOUR SERVICE.

WONDERFUL RECORD OF PROBATION

Massachusetts Commissioners Justified Their Work in Non-Support Cases.

Never again will a cell be built in Massachusetts, prophesized Deputy Commission of Probation Herbert C. Parsons, last evening at the Ford Hall dinner of the Baptist Social Union. "In a period of twenty years the state hasn't built any more prison accomodations," he said. "Just at the start of that time they put up a jail in Fall River, which has never opened its doors and never entertained a guest. If you want a jail cheap you can have it for a song. The jail stands a monument to probation.

"Judges in this state have stopped saying 'Six months, next!' and have substituted, 'Well, John, how long do you want to pay up this fine?' Probation did it by looking after almost twice as many offenders last year as were sent to the institutions."

Mr. Parsons produced some newly compiled figures to justify his contention that probation is better than imprisonment. Prison population, he showed was 357 to each 100,000 population in 1900, while last year it was only 162. Crime went on just as usual though with a slight decrease.

In cases of non-support the state probation officers collected a total of $418,315 last year as against $50,000 in 1909. The sum of $38,452 was gathered to pay for damages caused by boyish pranks and similar offences. Of 29,000 cases appearing in the Boston courts last year, the probation officers handled 26.5 per cent of all who had committed offenses, and less than 15 per cent were shipped off to the institutions.

"Last year," he said "it proved much cheaper to give a man a chance by following him up out of jail than to support him in idleness. The cost of caring for a probationer for a year was $13.16, while it cost $206.10 to keep him in jail.

"That probation was too lenient was proved wrong by the facts. Only 27 per cent of 8418 of the 22,760 probationers were found to have finished their term of care unsatisfactorily and were given longer terms or otherwise restrained further.

In assuming charge of a convicted man, probation officers don't care a jot what his offense was. They only look for character that may be improved."

COUCH TO APPEAR IN DOUBLE MURDER CASE.

Oklahoma City, Okla., Feb. 6.—John M. Couch, charged with the murder of Miss Nellie Dunn, a school teacher, and Professor Rowland D. Williams, a music teacher, on January 19, is scheduled to be given a preliminary hearing here today before Justice T. F. Donnell.

The state has several witnesses who will testify as to the probable guilt of the defendant. It is practically assured that he will be bound over to the grand jury. It is even regarded as not improbable that Couch will waive preliminary trial pending the grand jury investigation.

Miss Dunn was a sister of Mrs. Mary D. Couch, wife of the defendant. It appears on the surface that Couch was in love with his sister-in-law. He was jealous of attentions Professor Williams had been paying the girl. Angered, he sought the school teacher in the school room, called her into the hallway and shot her to death. Then he secured an automobile, rushed to the conservatory where Professor Williams taught his music class, shot him to death and fled to Guthrie.

At Guthrie Couch surrendered to Federal authorities, who held warrants for his arrest on a Federal misdemeanor charge. The Federal authorities delivered the prisoner to the Oklahoma City state authorities to answer the double murder charge.

Mrs. Couch wife of the defendant, created a sensation by appealing to Prosecutingg Attorney Charles B. Shelby to leave no stone unturned to send her husband to the death chair. She told the prosecutor that if Couch escaped with a penitentiary sentence it would be only a matter of time before he gained his liberty, and intimated that Couch has influential friends who would be interested in securing his release.

"If John Couch is permitted to go unwhipped by justice by accepting a life sentence, with all the probabilities of escape—I do not mean by escaping from his guards, but escaping by virtue of influential friends after he has been in prison for a short time—it means death to the rest of us," Mrs. Couch wrote the prosecutor.

WRESTLING

Boston, Feb. 6.—Wrestling fans delight in seeing new faces and especially when the possessor has the wrestling class that places them in the front rank of their profession. This is why Promoter George Tuohey is smiling over getting De Roua, the Belgian Marvel, to take the place of Aberg, against Waldek Zbyszko, in the main event of the Mechanics Building carnival on next Monday night.

De Roua, with his 225 pounds of solid muscle, a tournament winner in all parts of the globe, with an aggressiveness that is remarkable yet clean, appears to be the man who can make the Polo travel. The match will be to a finish under catch-as-catch-can rule best two out of three falls.

UNCLE SAM TO CARE FOR HONEST HOBO.

Chicago, Feb. 6.—Uncle Sam is preparing formally to recognize the hobo—"the migratory laborer," as he prefers to be known—in connection with the Federal Employment Bureau in Chicago.

This is the word brought back from Washington by the Rev. St. John Tucker, confessor and social adviser extraordinary to the Hobo College founded here by James Eads How, the "millionaire hobo."

Father Tucker says that he consulted officials of both the Department of Labor and the Department of Health and interested them in a plan for setting aside a room where real "hoboes"—not tramps—may gather and discuss their "problems." The Government may designate a physician to act as their medical adviser.

Have you Indigestion?

Your food will continue to disagree with you, and cause distress until you strengthen your digestive organs, and tone and sweeten the stomach. You can do this quickly and surely by promptly taking a few doses of

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Their natural action relieves the stomach of undigested food, stimulates the flow of gastric juice, renews the activity of the liver and bowels, and strengthens the digestive system. Take them with confidence, for 60 years' experience prove that Beecham's Pills

Are good for the Stomach

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c., 25c.

STRIKING CARMEN BACK AT WORK

CONDUCTORS AND MOTORMEN OF THE E. H. & A. ST. RY. AGREE TO ARBITRATE DIFFERENCES WITH COMPANY.

The strike on the Exeter, Hampton and Amesbury Street Railway which began at midnight Sunday, and has tied up trolley transportation in the Exeter and Hampton sections of the county for two days, was temporarily called off Tuesday afternoon and the men will be back at work this morning. The strike grew out of the demands of conductors and motormen of the line for an increase in pay from 25 cents an hour, their present pay, to 30 cents an hour. The company offered to increase the pay to 27 cents, but this was refused by the men.

Superintendent MacAdams was able to announce at 4.00 Tuesday afternoon that the men had agreed to place the matter in the hands of the State Board or Arbitration and Conciliation for settlement and in the meantime, while the questions are before the board they are to return to their work awaiting the decision. The strike affected twenty miles of tracks and not a wheel was turned on the entire line, greatly to the annoyance of residents of Hampton and Exeter, who were obliged to walk or stay at home. School children, workingmen, mails, newspapers and general passengers, all were delayed and the action of the men, in agreeing to arbitrate their differences with the company, has brought them the thanks of the entire community and in a ggreat measure strengthened their cause.

BEGIN HOT WATER DRINKING IF YOU DON'T FEEL RIGHT

Says glass of hot water with phosphate before breakfast washes out poisons.

If you wake up with a bad taste, bad breath and tongue is coated; if your head is dull or aching; if what you eat sours and forms gas and acid in stomach, or you are bilious, constipated, nervous, sallow and can't get feeling just right, begin inside bathing. Drink before breakfast, a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it. This will flush the poisons and toxins from stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels and cleanse, sweeten and purify the entire alimentary tract. Do your inside bathing immediately upon arising in the morning to wash out of the system all the previous day's poisonous waste, gases and sour bile before putting more food into the stomach.

To feel like young folks feel; like you felt before your blood, nerves and muscles became loaded with body impurities, get from your pharmacist a quarter pound of limestone phosphate which is inexpensive and almost tasteless, except for a sourish twinge which is not unpleasant.

Just as soap and hot water act on the skin, cleansing, sweetening and freshening, so hot water and limestone phosphate act on the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels. Men and women who are usually constipated, bilious, headachy or have any stomach disorder should begin this inside bathing before breakfast. They are assured they will become real cranks on the subject shortly.

FATHER OWNED A WHOLE TOWN DAUGHTER IN NEED.

St. Cloud, Minn., Feb. 6.—Fifty years ago John L. Wilson, known as "the father of St. Cloud," owned all the land on which the city of St. Cloud now stands.

His daughter, Nettie, 45 years old, is now facing ouster proceedings because she is unable to pay $5 a month rent.

Wilson either gave away or sold at ridiculously low prices most of his realty holdings.

NAME ANANIAS; HE'S PROUD OF IT.

Harrisburg, Pa., Feb. 6.—There is one member of the Legislature who insists upon being called Ananias. That is his real name, he declares. When the legislative directories were first printed his name appeared A. David Miller. Mount Pleasant, Westmoreland county. He objected and insisted that it be made to read Ananias David Miller on the later editions of the directory and on the roll call.

IMMEDIATE PURCHASE OF FOOD FOR ARMY ORDERED.

Washington, Feb. 6.—Immediate purchase of reserve quartermasters' supplies for the army up to the limits of available appropriations was ordered today by Sec. Baker. Purchasing agents have been sent into the market by Maj. Gen. Sharpe, Quartermaster General, to carry out the orders in the shortest possible time.

The moon was full last night but it was not disturbed by any police officers.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

You Get RESULTS From Them

Just Phone 37 | 3 Lines 1 Week 40c

TRY ONE TODAY AND YOU WILL BE CONVINCED.

WANTED

HELP WANTED—Female, good proposition for house to house canvassers. Apply Freeman Block, room 15. h f6, 3t

WANTED—Second hand furniture, feather beds, antique furniture, George A. Kemp, Furniture Exchange, Penhallow Street. Tel. 728M. ch j3, tf

TO LET—Centrally located flat of five rooms, with gas and bath. Telephone 1181-R. ch tf j8

FURNITURE MOVING—Both local and long distance, with heavy auto truck and handlers of long experience. Prices moderate. The Portsmouth Furniture Co., cor Deer and Vaughan streets, near B. & M. depot. he jn16,tf

WANTED—At "Buckminster," No. 7 Islington street, table board $5 per week. 6 o'clock dinners. he f6, 1w.

TO LET.

LIGHT HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS—Modern improvements, 107 State street. he f6, 1w

TO LET—Furnished front room with bath, in private home; modern conveniences with privilege of light house keeping. Tel. 884W or address "G," care this office. he f5, 1w

TO LET—Brand new house, all modern conveniences, fine locality. Specially attractive terms to right applicant. Address M. R. this office. ch 1w f6.

TO LET—A house of 8 rooms, all modern conveniences. Apply to C. E. Trafton, N. H. Bank Building he j30,2w

TO LET—House on Friend street, close to Middle street; modern improvements. Apply to J. H. Sugden, 230 Cass street. he1w, j26.

TO LET—A large, furnished front room. Modern conveniences. Telephone. Apply 86 Highland St., near Middle street. he d18, tf

TO LET—Tenement of six rooms; rent $10.50. Apply at this office. ch tf

TO LET—Tenement of 7 rooms. Apply at this office. ch tf o28.

TO LET—Tenement of three rooms $8.00. Apply at this office. ch tf o28

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—1 Pair work horses weighing 2800 lbs.; 2-horse truck and set double harness; also 1 cheap horse, weighing 1100 lbs.; 1 colt will be 3 years old May 1; road cart and driving harness; also sleigh. Good opportunity for somebody wishing to start in teaming business or for some farmer. I am not going out of junk business, but making room for auto truck. Inquire of Max I. Pollmer, Manning St., Portsmouth. Tel. 789M. h f5, 1w

FOR SALE—Two driving horses and driving sleighs in goods condition. E. E. Frederickson, Woodbury avenue, city. he ja12, tf

FOR SALE—Some very good show cases and wall fixtures. Apply at this office.

FOR RENT—The two floors over Chas. W. Greene's store next to A. G. Brewster's Bldg. also the basement. The upper floor would make an excellent Photograph Gallery. Inquire at this office. ch tf o18.

LOST

LOST—Anti-skid chain, 30x3½, Friday, one cross chain broken; reward. Notify Wood Bros., cor. Congress and Chestnut streets. he f3, 3t

LOST—Gent's gold bowed spectacles about Jan. 1, between town and 149 Dennett street. Reward. Notify Ira Seymore, above address. he f3, 3t

LOST—On Thursday afternoon Jan. 25, somewhere between Pearl street through Goodwin Park to State street, a child's beaver fur neck-piece. Reward if returned to 728 State street.

Telephone 598 for FINEST COLLAR WORK in New England.

We have the "Last Word" in collar machinery and Guarantee to "Make Good."

CENTRAL STEAM LAUNDRY

Pleasant Street.

ATLANTIC SHORE RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE

WINTER SCHEDULE

In Effect October 2, 1916.

(Subject to Change Without Notice)

Portsmouth Ferry Leaves Connecting With Cars

FOR ELIOT, DOVER AND SOUTH BERWICK—6.55, 7.55 a. m. and every hour until 9.55 p. m. Then *10.55 p. m. Sundays—First trip 7.55 a. m.

*Runs to Rosemary Junction when there are passengers.

FOR KITTERY AND KITTERY POINT—6.25, 6.55 a. m. and every half hour until 10.55 p. m. Sundays—First trip 7.55 a. m.

FOR YORK VILLAGE, YORK HARBOR, YORK BEACH AND OGUNQUIT, via P. K. & Y. Division—7.55, *9.55 a. m., **2.35, **4.25 p. m. Sundays—*9.55 a. m., *1.55, *5.55 p. m.

*Runs to York Beach only.

**Runs to York Harbor Post Office only.

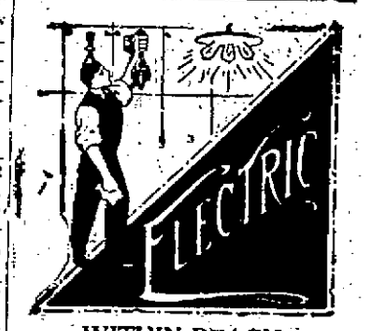
FOR YORK VILLAGE, YORK HARBOR, YORK BEACH, OGUNQUIT, WELLS, KENNEBUNK, TOWN HOUSE, KENNEBUNKPORT, CAPE PORPOISE, BIDDEFORD, SANFORD AND SPRINGVALE, via Rosemary—6.55, 8.55, 10.55 a. m., 12.55, 2.55, 4.55, *5.55, **8.55, ***9.05 p. m. Sundays—First trip **7.55 a. m.

*Runs to Biddeford only.

**Runs to Ogunquit only.

***Runs to York Harbor Saturdays only.

ATLANTIC SHORE RAILWAY.



WITHIN REACH

and how handy, even a little child can do the trick. When we do your electrical work—you press the button and result is instantaneous—for lo! a flood of beautiful light. So reasonable are everyday standard

Electrical Supplies of All Kinds Here

that it's a proven truth they're "within reach" of all.

CHADWICK & TREFETHEN

BOW ST. TEL. 822.

MURRAY'S Combination Store

128-130 Penhallow St.

Lunch Room

And Fine Line of

GROCERIES

Best Regular Dinner, 25c.

Hot Baked Beans Saturday and Sunday.

Bread and Pastry Fresh Every Day.

A. Thurston Parker

SUCCESSOR TO

OLIVER W. HAM

122 Market St.

Funeral Director and Licensed Embalmer.

Phone at Office and Residence.

Lady Assistant provided when required.

TO LET.

One nice, large office, well lighted and heated, Herald and Chronicle building. Enquire at Herald Office.

The D. F. Borthwick Store

Butterick's Patterns For February

The Best Guide for Your Home Sewing

Transfer Patterns for Embroidery, Braiding, Etc.

HORSETHIEF BACK IN JAIL IN MAINE

Just Released From New Hampshire, Steals Horse in Maine.

In the superior court at Portland, Me., Judge Connolly presiding, Samuel G. Jackson, a former resident of Dover, was sentenced to serve a term of two years and six months at the Thomaston state prison on the charge of stealing a horse and wagon.

At the time that Jackson stole the horse he was on probation from the Concord state prison. He was also an escaped prisoner from the house of correction at the Strafford county farm.

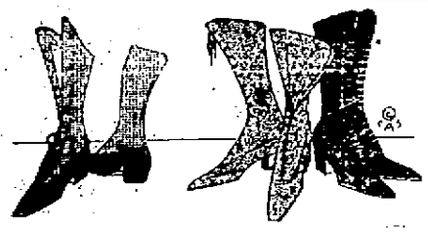
Jackson was sent to the Concord state prison from the superior court in Dover on the charge of breaking and entering houses at Barrington. On being let out of prison on probation he went to Somersworth where he was arrested and sent to the house of correction on a charge of larceny. He only served a few days at the house of correction when he made his escape from that institution and went to Maine where he stole a team and was arrested with the same in his possession.

GALLINGER SPEAKS A GOOD WORD FOR THE PRESIDENT

Senator Gallinger, Republican leader of the Senate, says: "Of course, if Germany sinks an American ship or takes an American life, we shall have to fight. But we should view the situation calmly, dispassionately and hopefully. The President's message was admirable."

FRANK W. KNIGHT SHOE TALKS

10 Market Sq. "Shoes of Quality." Portsmouth.



Our Half Yearly SALE of SHOES

This store has never been so well provided with fashionable footwear. The wide variety of styles makes the carrying of large stocks imperative. So with the coming of our Half Yearly Sale the opportunities for securing a fashionable, wear-worthy pair of shoes at a decided saving are multiplied.

The Sale Opens Saturday Morning, Feb. 3d.

We shall offer 100 prs. Women's Shoes, $3.50-$4.00 grades, at $2.98; 100 prs. Women's Shoes, $5.00 grade, at $3.98.

OLYMPIA THEATRE

Every Night at 7.00 and 9.15. Matinees at 2.00.

Wednesday and Thursday

GRAND TRIPLE BILL!

Universal Presents
Marie Walcamp
With Eddie Polo
In the 15th Episode of
"LIBERTY"
Entitled
"The Flag of Truce."

Paramount-Jesse Lasky
Presents
VICTOR MOORE
The Inimitable Comedian in
"THE CLOWN"
A Comedy Drama of the Circus.

The Most Beautiful Woman on the Screen
VIRGINIA PEARSON
In the Enchanting William Fox Production in 5 Acts
"THE WAR BRIDE'S SECRET"
A Dramatic Story That Lays Bare a Woman's Heart.

FRIDA YAND SATURDAY
Mrs. Vernon Castle in "Patria."
Clark Williams in "The Criminal," Triangle.
Dorothy Phillips in "Price of Silence," Blue Bird.

ROYAL ARCANUM INSTALL OFFICERS

The officers of Alpha Council, R. A., were installed last evening with the exception of the Regent, C. H. Woodward, who was detained at home by illness. Deputy Daniel R. Beckford of Boston was the installing officer, ably assisted by A. L. Hersey, Jr., as grand guide. After the services an oyster supper was enjoyed. This council of over 200 members is the largest council in the state.

The following officers were installed: Vice regent, E. C. Holmes; orator, P. D. Hersey; secretary, F. T. Hartson; collector, James O. Pettigrew; treasurer, George M. Gillen; chaplain, William T. Micott; guide, A. L. Hersey, Jr.; warden, D. J. Driscoll; sentry, Joseph T. Serrell.

THE HERALD HEARS

That no extra guards have yet been ordered for duty at the Saugus navy yard or Barrington Light.

That the editor of "All Sorts" in the Boston Post is apparently losing his interest in the Saugus naval station.

That the Portsmouth war relief committee is steadily doing business and will be busy on Feb. 22.

That nearly one hundred local sports were in Dover on Tuesday night to watch the boxing bouts.

That the Red Nicktie club was much in evidence at the ringside.

That there is no reason for the ice companies talking about the small ice crop next summer.

That the men who take a bath in the ocean every day are welcome to the sport and the beach is not crowded just now.

That the women who have the sense to wear the low, broad heels on their shoes are attracting nearly as much attention as those with short skirts.

That a New York hotel porter just died leaving a fortune of $100,000.

That it is a sure bet that a part of this was tips.

That the baseball federation may pay overtime for any baseball game over 9 innings.

LOCAL BOYS ARE DEFEATED AT DOVER

Would-Be Fighters Fall Before the Upper River Boxers.

Dover, Feb. 7.—The first boxing bout in a year was staged here last night, and the principals evidently were attempting to make up for lost time. The bouts were staged at Red Men's hall under the direction of the Columbia A. C., and the fans were not disappointed, if they were looking for whirlwind exhibitions.

Tommy Flanagan of this town knocked the "knockout" out of K. O. Pat Woods of Portsmouth, when he sent the Strawberry Bank lighter to the mat in the seventh round.

In a scheduled eight-round go between Battling Flanagan of Portsmouth and Young Nedeau of this town, the local youngster tried to emulate the Dover Flanagan's effort, in the second round. He sent his opponent through the ropes and injured his kneecap so badly that the bout was called off.

Kid Young and Buffalo Kid of this town went four rounds in the preliminary.

TWO APPOINTMENTS IN FIRE DEPARTMENT

One Regular and One Sub Placed by Board of Engineers.

The board of engineers held a meeting on Tuesday evening. Some important business went over to the next meeting owing to the absence of Assistant J. M. Varrell who was injured at the fire on Daniel street Monday morning. Roy H. Blaney was appointed a regular member of Engine 1 company to succeed J. M. Varrell, and Frank Moore, a former member of the department was appointed a substitute in the department and assigned to Engine 2.

GIRLS' CLUB NOTES.

The dancing class was omitted on Monday night on account of the storm.

The rooms at the club house will be open on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday evenings for the present, and will be in charge of the House committee. If the attendance keeps up, the rooms will be open right along and will give the members an opportunity for rest and sociability.

The gymnastics class will not be able to start this week, but will begin its regular classes on next Thursday, Feb. 15. The club is fortunate in again securing the services of Miss Woods as instructor.

This week Thursday the girls are asked to bring their sewing instead.

Miss Hobart, the field secretary for the state of Massachusetts, will be our guests on Friday evening, Feb. 16, and at that time we will hold our monthly social which will be in the form of a valentine party.

LOCAL DASHES

Fish of all kinds at Clark's Branch. Tel. 133.

New acts and Frescott, Thursday at the Colonial.

Whist party and dance, Feb. 12, at Grange hall, Kittery. Buffet lunch.

Won't the walking be lovely if a nice, warm rain comes along?

A considerable number of the navy yard workmen are working overtime.

Boy wanted for messenger. Western Union Tel. Co., Daniel street. ja25,tf

Snowshoeing and skiing parties were much incvidence today and yesterday.

The Chung Hing Lee Troupe of Chinese appear shortly at the Colonial.

The postponed meeting of the Organized Charities will be held at 4 o'clock Friday afternoon.

Lobsters and fish of all kinds, caught by our own boats, fresh every day. E. Jameson & Sons, Tel. 245.

Several from this city were in Concord today, attending the meeting of the New Hampshire Red Cross.

Smelt fishermen on Great Bay have had hard traveling of late, but the catches warrant the extra effort.

Special sale of Hoosier Kitchen Cabinets, Saturday, Feb. 3, to Saturday, Feb. 10, inclusive, at Margeson Bros.

The Odd Ladies' Circle will be the guest of Mrs. Scott Somerville, at 172 Elwyn avenue, on Thursday afternoon.

Antique and modern furniture upholstered. Hair mattresses renovated. Margeson Bros. Tel. 570. h a6, tf

The meeting of the Navy Yard Improvement Association this evening should attract a large number of the members.

Buy your lobsters, fresh and salt fish of all kinds from the Portsmouth Fish Co., Broughton's Wharf. Tel. 760. Auto delivery. he o25, tf

The sleighing outside of the city is very good. In some places there are a few drifts, but the traveling as a whole is excellent.

Sheehan's dancing class, Moose hall, Thursday evening.

A mass of ice hanging from the eves of the Walker block on Congress street was so threatening Tuesday afternoon that the police ordered it removed.

Ladies' reception on stage at the Colonial, Friday afternoon, after regular performance. Questions may be asked in private.

The police have organized two bowling teams, the Regulars and the Yanigans and they will bowl on Saturday afternoon to see which team will uphold the honor of the department against the press.

The recreation center at the South Ward Room will be open this evening for girls and tomorrow night for boys under 13 years of age. A night will also be set aside for the older boys up to 15 years of age.

Grange Sewing Circle will meet at Grange hall, Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock, followed by a supper at six o'clock. Members invited. Regular meeting at 8 o'clock, followed by social and valentine party, discussions, vocal and instrumental music, etc.

Quality goods at bargain prices at Park Store, State St., opp. Goodwin Park.

OLYMPIA THEATRE NOTES

C. Gardener Sullivan, the well konwn Triangle-Kay Bee author, has written some of the most significant photoplays of the decade.

Of the first 33 Triangle-Kay Bee pieutres, Sullivan wrote 24. In all he has written more than 200 produced pictures for the screen.

Clara Williams, the Triangle-Kay Bee star, said recently when asked in which picture she had her favorite role, replied:

"I liked the 'Criminal' the best of all my pictures, because it gave me a chance to work out a character. The heavy dramatic theme and emotional scenes appealed to me."

Incidentally, "The Criminal" will be shown at this theatre Friday and Saturday of this week.

Our Wednesday and Thursday bill is one of variety and excellence.

Beautiful Virginia Pearson is starred in the William Fox picture, "The War Bride's Secret," a powerful picture with a punch.

Victor Moore, the inimitable comedian, will have the leading role in the Paramount-Jesse Lasky picture, "The Clown," a romantic circus comedy.

Then the fifteenth episode of that great military preparedness serial "Liberty," with Eddie Polo will be shown.

Friday and Saturday the famous Blue Bird pictures will have their premier at this theatre, the first picture being "The Price of Silence," with Dorothy Phillips.

Don't forget "Patria," with Mrs. Vernon Castle, and "The Criminal," with Clara Williams.

Next Monday and Tuesday the first episode of the million dollar serial, "The Great Secret," with Francis Bushman and Beverly Bayne.

Because of the warm weather today, hundreds of people will take advantage of it—so come early tonight.

PAYS $200 FOR ILLEGAL SALE OF LIQUOR

New Motion for Allowance Made in the Sandford Case Today.

Judge Sawyer in the superior court today imposed a fine of $200 on Mrs. Hannah McSweeney in an appealed case from the lower court charging her with illegal sale of liquor. The jail sentence was continued owing to the physical condition of the defendant.

A case of the same nature against Charles Marrotta was not disposed of today but will later be taken up by the court.

Two motions in the case of Sanford vs. Sanford was heard, one relative to the signing of a deed and the other for allowance, made by Attorney Scammon on behalf of Mrs. Alice Sanford. Judge Sawyer continued the hearing for a week.

ANNUAL MEETING OF MEDICAL SOCIETY

Election of Officers—Paper by Dr. Dewis of Boston.

A large number of the Portsmouth Medical Society gathered at the annual meeting on Tuesday evening at the Rockingham Hotel, where they enjoyed a sumptuous banquet and elected new officers as follows:

President, Dr. A. C. Heffenger; treasurer, Dr. E. B. Eastman; secretary, Dr. C. W. Hannaford; executive committee, Drs. F. S. Towle, John J. Berry and John J. Carty.

A paper on "Gastric and Duodenal Ulcers," was read by Dr. John Dewis of Boston. Dr. Arthur Hamilton of Boston was a special guest of the society during the evening.

F. O. E. NOTICE

There will be a regular meeting of Mercedes Aerie this evening at 8.00 o'clock. All members are requested to attend. Important business.

TIMOTHY CONNORS, President.
RAPHAEL PAOLA, Secretary.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

All persons musically inclined and the dancers generally are requested to be at Freeman's hall on Monday evening, Feb. 12, when Alexander's famous Boston Orchestra, 8 pieces, will fill an engagement under the management of William Dow of this city. This is the orchestra that made such a big hit at the Boston Movie Ball, also the Movie Ball at the Nautical Garden, Revere Beach. Concert 8 till 9. Dancing until 1 o'clock. Gents, 50c; ladies, 25c; balcony, 25c. Your opportunity to enjoy dancing with a real orchestra. Come and bring along your friends.

Mr. Fred Marden, the Congress street photographer is in Boston attending the Eastman Professional School of Photography.

Hanover Street
For Sale
10 Room House
With Bath, Steam Heat and Gas.
Excellent Lodging House
Price, $3,000

For Sale
Bow Street
Brick Block
Formerly occupied by Eldridge Brewing Co.

BUTLER & MARSHALL
Real Estate
5 Market Street.

YOUR OPPORTUNITY

You can buy a seven-room house in good location for $1600. Pay a small sum down and balance on easy monthly payments.

FRED GARDNER
Glebe Building.

Here's a "Chesterfield" model. A genteel garment in every sense of the word. Always correct in style and dignified in effect. We show them in the popular "Oxford" grays both serge and silk-lined. Prices, $16.50, $18.50, $20.00, $25.00. Next season's prices on the same quality coats will necessarily show a considerable advance.

Henry Peyser & Son

Valentines Valentines Valentines

LATEST NOVELTIES

— AT —

MONTGOMERY'S MUSIC STORE

Opposite Postoffice. Established in 1865.

HOG PITCH

for scalding hogs

If you use our pitch for this purpose, it will do such good work, you may receive a higher price for your product.

Pryor-Davis Co.
THE OLD HARDWARE SHOP
36 Market Street
Tel. 509. Portsmouth, N. H.

UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY
ORGANIZED 1824

WOULD YOUR VALUABLES BE SAFE

If burglars should enter your home tonight, or if fire should break out—would your valuables be safe? Give them Absolute Protection now by putting them in our Fire and Burglar Proof Vault. Safe Deposit Boxes for rent $1.50 and up per year. Storage space for trunks and boxes.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
PORTSMOUTH, N.H.